NEVADA COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
Regular Meeting
Wednesday, February 10, 2021
3:00 p.m.

The Nevada County Board of Education will hold the regular board meeting via teleconference. The public portion will begin virtually no earlier than 3:00 p.m.

To join the Zoom meeting, please visit https://zoom.us/j/98972764341
Meeting ID: 989 7276 4341
One tap mobile +16699006833,98972764341# US (San Jose)

ANNOUNCEMENT No. 1: This meeting is being held pursuant to the procedures established in Executive Order N-29-20 issued by the Governor on March 17, 2020. All board members may attend the meeting by teleconference. The public may observe and address the meeting via Zoom.

ANNOUNCEMENT No. 2: The public will have access to the Nevada County Board of Education meeting through Zoom Teleconferencing. Public comments are taken on action, discussion and information items only; or during the Open Public Forum for items not on the agenda. For those individuals who wish to make a public comment, please do so by using the Zoom raise your hand feature. A moderator will call on you at the appropriate time.

ANNOUNCEMENT No. 3: Should this Board meeting encounter any security breech or inappropriate issues, the meeting will be ended immediately.

AGENDA

1. Meeting called to order
2. Establish quorum
3. Salute to the flag
4. Adoption of the Agenda
5. Open public forum – Recognition of members of the audience wishing to address an agenda item may do so at this time or at the time the agenda item is heard. After being recognized by the Board president, please identify yourself. A member of the public may at this time make brief comments regarding items not on the agenda, although no action may be taken.
6. Close public forum
7. Approval of the Consent Agenda

These items are expected to be routine and non-controversial. They will be acted upon by the Board at one time without discussion, unless a Board member or citizen requests that an item be removed for discussion and separate consideration. In that case the designated item(s) will be considered following approval of the remaining items.

A. Approval of minutes of the Regular meeting of January 13, 2021 (page 1)
B. School Accountability Report Card for 2019-20
   1. Earle Jamieson Educational Options (page 5)
   2. Sugarloaf Mtn. Juvenile Hall Program (page 30)
8. Staff Reports
   A. Alternative Education, Amy Brooks
   B. Ed Services, Teena Corker
   C. SELPA/Special Education, Eli Gallup
   D. Business Services, Darlene Waddle

9. Superintendent's Report

10. Action Items
    A. Shall the Nevada County Board of Education approve the Comprehensive Safety
        Plan for Earle Jamieson Educational Options; Sierra College Child Development
        Center; and TKM Family Resource Center, which are operated under the Nevada
        County Office of Education? (page 56)

11. Discussion/Information Items
    A. Consolidated Application Part II: Winter Release for the 2020-21 school year (page 127)
    B. Nevada County Board of Education Bylaws update

12. Board Reports
    A. SARB, Heino Nicolai
    B. Legislative, Julie Baker
    C. Charter Liaison, Louise Johnson and Timothy May
    D. Individual Board Member Reports

13. Adjournment

Next Meeting Date: March 10, 2021, 3:00 p.m.

This agenda was posted at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting at the Nevada County
Superintendent of Schools office, 380 Crown Point Circle, Grass Valley; EJ, 112 Nevada City Hwy.,
Nevada City, and TKM, 400 Hoover Lane, Nevada City.

Posted: 2/5/2021

Notice: The agenda packet and supporting materials, including materials distributed less than 72 hours prior to the scheduled
meeting, can be viewed at the Nevada County Superintendent of Schools office – located at 380 Crown Point Circle,
Grass Valley, CA. For more information, please call 530.478.6400 ext.2003.

Notice: In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you need special assistance to access the Board meeting room
or to otherwise participate at this meeting, including auxiliary aids or services, contact the Nevada County Superintendent
of Schools office at 530.478.6400 ext. 2003 at least 48 hours before the scheduled Board meeting so that we may make
every reasonable effort to accommodate your needs. [G.C. §54953.2, §54954.2(a)(1); Americans with Disabilities Act of
1990, §202 (42 U.S.C. §12132)]
Nevada County Board of Education
Regular Meeting
Wednesday, January 13, 2021
3:00 p.m.

The Nevada County Board of Education will hold the regular board meeting via teleconference. The public portion will begin virtually no earlier than 3:00 p.m.

To join the Zoom meeting, please visit https://zoom.us/j/93794945364
Meeting ID: 937 9494 5364
One tap mobile +16699006833,,93794945364# US (San Jose)

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ANNOUNCEMENT No. 3: Should this Board meeting encounter any security breach or inappropriate issues, the meeting will be ended immediately.

MINUTES

1. Meeting called to order by Board President Nicolai.

2. Established quorum
   Heino Nicolai             present
   Louise Johnson           present
   Susan Clarabut           present
   Timothy May              present
   Julie Baker              present

3. Salute to the flag

4. Adoption of the Agenda
   On a motion by Baker and seconded by Johnson, the Nevada County Board of Education adopted the January 13, 2021 Agenda; all in favor; motion passed unanimously.

5. Opened public forum – Recognition of members of the audience wishing to address the Board – No comments were made.

6. Closed public forum

7. Approval of the Consent Agenda
   These items are expected to be routine and non-controversial. They will be acted upon by the Board at one time without discussion, unless a Board member or citizen requests that an item be removed for discussion and separate consideration. In that case the designated item(s) will be considered following approval of the remaining items.

   A. Approval of minutes of the Regular meeting of December 14, 2020 (page 1)
B. During the fourth quarter of 2020 October-December, there were no complaints filed to be reported, pursuant to Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures (E.C. 1240(H); Board Policy 1010 – Uniform Complaint Procedures) \(\text{page 6}\)

On a motion by Clarabut and seconded by Baker, the consent agenda was approved as presented; all in favor; motion passed unanimously.

8. Superintendent’s Report

As discussed previously the Crown Point Circle office was going to be a testing facility for symptomatic school employees in Nevada County. However, Community Partner Western Sierra Medical Clinic has stepped in to take over the testing. Testing will begin Tues., January 19 at their facility on Old Tunnel Road in Grass Valley; five days a week; by appointment via online registration. Additional details will be sent out soon.

NCPH is working hard in getting the vaccine out. Individuals are being vaccinated in phases and by tier groups. Phase 1B, Tier 1B are for educators. Sharyn Turner, NCSOS’s Health Coordinator, is working with NCPH in the training of school district nurses who will be vaccinated and trained on giving the vaccine. Supt. Lay’s recommendation will be to have the County Special Ed staff vaccinated first as they serve students who may be unable to wear a mask and/or are unable to social distance due to their disability; then schools open in the hybrid model; next schools who have a plan to open in a hybrid model; lastly schools that will open in the future. We stand ready to do what is needed to get staff and students back into school safely.

The Governor proposed a CA Safe Schools for All Plan which is tied to a $450 per student incentive to reopen schools. There are several concerns in the proposed plan including testing requirements for staff and students; would schools that are currently open and don’t apply for the additional funding be required to move to distance learning? County Superintendents are meeting with the Governor and voicing the concerns.

9. Staff Reports

A. Alternative Education, Amy Brooks
Sugarloaf Mtn. Juvenile Hall has officially closed and staff have been reassigned. EJ currently has 6 students with a 7th starting 1.14.21. Students are on rotating schedules for in-person and virtual learning.
Special thanks to Carrie Ferrero, Instructional Coach, in additional training on the Zoom Cart features to limit cyber-attacks.

B. Educational Services, Teena Corker
Corker was unable to attend today’s board meeting as she is meeting and reconnecting with districts and charters on Differentiated Assistance.

C. SELPA/Special Education, Eli Gallup
Gallup is working with SELPA and the CDE in annual Special Education audits.

The Special Ed County program is in hybrid learning and moving into in-person small group learning next week.

Gallup continues to work with families and districts in supporting students, noting that it’s difficult to follow the letter of the law, however we can follow the spirit of the law encouraging Special Education educators to be creative and supportive of families who are in need of help during this time.

D. Business Services, Darlene Waddle
The Governor has proposed the 2021-22 School Year Budget; the CA economy is strong; COLA increase will be received; and additional COVID relief money will be coming, noting this is all government funding. We continue to be cautious and brace for an uncertain future
as businesses are still closed; people are still unemployed; California is still in crisis and we may see a downturn in 2022-23.

10. Action Items
   A. Shall the Nevada County Board of Education Approve the Single Plan for Student Achievement (SPSA) for the Nevada County Superintendent of Schools Combined Alternative Educational Programs? *(page 7)*

   Johnson complimented Brooks on her attention to local measures; learning assessments; ongoing assessments; and the credits per day expectation as it shows great innovative thinking. Brooks created a formula for credit recovery that serves all EJ students.

   Brooks has opened up a Tier 3 COVID Relief Program to schools so they can send students to EJ who need the most help.

   On a motion by Johnson and seconded by Clarabut, the Nevada County Board of Education Approved the Single Plan for Student Achievement (SPSA) for the Nevada County Superintendent of Schools Combined Alternative Educational Programs; all in favor; motion passed unanimously.

11. Discussion/Information Items
   A. Math and History-Social Science Curriculum 30 Day Open Review for Earle Jamieson Educational Options *(page 100)*

   Brooks has a new review start date of January 25, 2021 at EJ; and noted the curriculum is what NJUHSD is using. Curriculum is not available for online review.

   Clarabut noted this is a great opportunity for the Board to review EJ proposed curriculum.

   Johnson advised that she has reviewed summaries of what was available on the publisher’s websites; and has reviewed the State Board Adopted list as well as the textbooks on the State Adopted list.

   Brooks will update the flyer and it will be forwarded to the Board.

   B. Nevada County Board of Education Retreat

   Supt. Lay spoke to the opportunity for the Board to meet to discuss the role of a county board. The agenda would be customized to cover items such as social media; engaging the public; setting priorities, etc. The retreat would be offered via zoom for up to 2 hours.

   The board expressed interest. Supt. Lay will reach out to Eric Stevens, of Girard, Edwards, Stevens & Tucker, Attorneys at Law. Stevens held a board member position for Rocklin USD and would be able to present.

   Board members can email Nicolai agenda items and questions; possible dates will be sent out; and Stevens will be contacted.

   C. Nevada County Board of Education Meeting Calendar for 2020 2021 *(page 102)*

   D. NCSOS Quarterly Investment Report as of December 31, 2020 *(page 103)*

12. Board Member Reports
   A. SARB, Heino Nicolai

   Nicolai noted the courthouse is still closed. Supt. Lay reported that Brooks is looking at ways to get around barriers to be able to send students to EJ. Conversations are taking place with districts and charters to determine what students would benefit with EJ’s program.
B. Legislative, Julie Baker

Baker reported that the Legislature is on a 2-year cycle which started in December. Two interesting bills to track are AB104 which aims to close students' COVID-19 learning gaps; and AB58 – suicide prevention policies.

C. Charter Liaison, Louise Johnson and Timothy May

Johnson and May met with Supt. Lay to review the list of NCSOS charter schools and discuss the expectations and roll of the Charter Liaison. Supt. Lay communicated with the Charter Directors introducing Johnson and May. Johnson followed up by sending an email to Directors inviting them to include Johnson and May to any Parent Information Nights or any special event they'd like to highlight. A schedule is being created to meet with the Charter Directors.

May is thankful for teaming up with Johnson whose knowledge and guidance in charter schools is appreciated.

D. Individual Board member reports

Baker and Clarabut are attending Nevada County Community Leadership Institute (NCCLI).

Johnson attended an ACSA webinar discussing the Governor’s reopening of school’s proposal. It appears that funding has strings attached with more questions than answers. ACSA Legislative Advocates are looking into what the rules of the proposal.

May will be judging the 7th/8th Grade Creative Writing contest.

13. Adjournment

Next Meeting Date: February 10, 2021 at 3:00 PM

Heino Nicolai, Board President  
Nevada County Board of Education  
February 10, 2021  
Date
2019–2020 School Accountability Report Card

 Reported Using Data from the 2019–2020 School Year

California Department of Education

By February 1 of each year, every school in California is required by state law to publish a School Accountability Report Card (SARC). The SARC contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school. Under the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) all local educational agencies (LEAs) are required to prepare a Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), which describes how they intend to meet annual school-specific goals for all pupils, with specific activities to address state and local priorities. Additionally, data reported in an LCAP is to be consistent with data reported in the SARC.

- For more information about SARC requirements, see the California Department of Education (CDE) SARC web page at https://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/sa/sa/.

- For more information about the LCFF or LCAP, see the CDE LCFF web page at https://www.cde.ca.gov/fg/aa/lc/.

- For additional information about the school, parents/guardians and community members should contact the school principal or the district office.

DataQuest

DataQuest is an online data tool located on the CDE DataQuest web page at https://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/ that contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district and the county. Specifically, DataQuest is a dynamic system that provides reports for accountability (e.g., test data, enrollment, high school graduates, dropouts, course enrollments, staffing, and data regarding English learners).

California School Dashboard
The California School Dashboard (Dashboard) [https://www.caschooldashboard.org/](https://www.caschooldashboard.org/) reflects California's new accountability and continuous improvement system and provides information about how LEAs and schools are meeting the needs of California's diverse student population. The Dashboard contains reports that display the performance of LEAs, schools, and student groups on a set of state and local measures to assist in identifying strengths, challenges, and areas in need of improvement.

Ms. Amy Brooks, Principal

- Principal, Earle Jamieson Educational Options
About Our School

Earle Jamieson Educational Options is a small rural school located on Nevada City Highway in beautiful Nevada City. Nevada City offers year-round outdoor activities and is located in the Sierra Nevada foothills. We serve students who have come to us through probation referral, SARB recommendation, and school expulsion. Nevada City has a population of approximately 3000 people, however we serve students throughout Nevada County. We strive to identify our students’ educational, social and emotional needs, and help them recover their course credits. We partner with community agencies to support our students’ mental health well-being, and work to provide a transition back to their district of residency. Students who attend Earle Jamieson are typically here for one or two semesters. We have a supportive group of dedicated staff who create and maintain learning environments which ensure that all our students feel safe and welcomed. Although we are a small school, we support educational equity within a strong community support environment.

Contact

Earle Jamieson Educational Options
112 Nevada City Hwy.
Nevada City, CA 95959-3117

Phone: 530-272-5464
Email: sshafri@nevco.org

About This School

Contact Information (School Year 2020–2021)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District Name</th>
<th>Nevada County Office of Education</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phone Number</td>
<td>(530) 478-6400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Superintendent</td>
<td>Scott W. Lay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email Address</td>
<td><a href="mailto:slay@nevco.org">slay@nevco.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website</td>
<td><a href="http://www.nevco.org">http://www.nevco.org</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

School Contact Information (School Year 2020–2021)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School Name</th>
<th>Earle Jamieson Educational Options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Street</td>
<td>112 Nevada City Hwy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
City, State, Zip          Nevada City, Ca, 95959-3117
Phone Number             530-272-5464
Principal                Ms. Amy Brooks, Principal
Email Address            sshoferan@nevco.org
Website                  https://nevco.org/alternative-education?highlight
County-District-School   29102980116681
(CDS) Code

School Description and Mission Statement (School Year 2020–2021)

Earle Jamieson Educational Options is a Nevada County Community School and alternative educational school. This school is for 7th-12th grade students who have been expelled from a local middle or high school, or placed through the School Attendance Review Board (SARB) process, and/or placed by the probation department. In an effort to close the learning loss gap during the time of COVID, Earle Jamieson will be admitting our county's most at promise students to get them reengaged with school. All students receive classroom and individualized instruction to assist them in improving their academic and behavioral skills, as well as establishing consistent patterns of attendance.

The Earle Jamieson staff is made up of the following: two full-time teachers, a 60% RSP teacher, one instructional aide, one support services secretary, one full-time counselor, and one principal. All students receive high-quality instruction that is standards-aligned. Our goals are to work in partnership with our students, parents, and community agencies to empower students to be the best they can possibly be academically, socially and emotionally, and lead them toward a successful transition back to their district of residency.

Student Enrollment by Grade Level (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>Grade 8</th>
<th>Grade 10</th>
<th>Grade 11</th>
<th>Grade 12</th>
<th>Total Enrollment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Students</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Student Enrollment by Student Group (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Black or African American</th>
<th>American Indian or Alaska Native</th>
<th>Asian</th>
<th>Filipino</th>
<th>Hispanic or Latinc</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Total Enrollment</td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group (Other)</th>
<th>Socioeconomically Disadvantaged</th>
<th>English Learners</th>
<th>Students with Disabilities</th>
<th>Foster Youth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Total Enrollment</td>
<td>62.50 %</td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
<td>12.50 %</td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State Priority: Basic

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Basic (Priority 1):

- Degree to which teachers are appropriately assigned and fully credentialed in the subject area and for the pupils they are teaching;
- Pupils have access to standards-aligned instructional materials; and
- School facilities are maintained in good repair

Teacher Credentials
Teacher Misassignments and Vacant Teacher Positions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Teacher Misassignments*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacant Teacher Positions</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note: "Misassignments" refers to the number of positions filled by teachers who lack legal authorization to teach that grade level, subject area, student group, etc.

* Total Teacher Misassignments includes the number of Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners.

Last updated: 2/1/2021

Quality, Currency, Availability of Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials (School Year 2020–2021)

Year and month in which the data were collected:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials/year of Adoption</th>
<th>From Most Recent Adoption?</th>
<th>Percent Students Lacking Own Assigned Copy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reading/Language Arts</td>
<td>7th – Literature &amp; Language Arts-1st Course,</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Holt Rinehart,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winston, 2003</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8th — Literature &amp; Language Arts-2nd Course,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Holt Rinehart,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winston, 2010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9th — Literature &amp; Language Arts-3rd Course,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Holt Rinehart,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winston, 2005</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10th— Literature &amp; Language Arts-4th Course,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Holt Rinehart,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winston, 2005</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11th— Literature &amp; Language Arts-5th Course,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Holt Rinehart,</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winston, 2005</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12th — Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary—Townsend Press,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2011</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials/year of Adoption</td>
<td>From Most Recent Adoption?</td>
<td>Percent Students Lacking Own Assigned Copy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Language</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Positive Prevention Plus&lt;br&gt;For Middle and High Schools 2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visual and Performing Arts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science Lab Equipmt (Grades 9-12)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements

There are two buildings on the campus site; one main and one smaller building. There are four bathrooms in the main building, two are in the office area, one dedicated to students and one to staff. There is another bathroom located in the lower part of the main building near the kitchen and one classroom. The smaller building has one classroom, two bathrooms, and a meeting room held for counseling, small group programs and an occasional board meeting. After school hours the smaller building meeting room is sometimes used by community agencies. The population at our school remains at 20 students maximum, with 7 staff members, several of whom are part-time employees. We have a small lower patio and fenced in recreation area for student exercise and breaks. The LEA ensures that the school is in good repair, is safe and functional. Due to the small size, it is easy to keep up with the repairs and maintenance. The site is thoroughly cleaned by our maintenance staff daily, and is cleaned in depth during school breaks. Landscaping is kept up by school maintenance staff as well.

School Facility Good Repair Status

Using the most recently collected Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), provide the following:

- Determination of repair status for systems listed
- Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair
- The year and month in which the data were collected
- The rate for each system inspected
- The overall rating

Year and month of the most recent FIT report: April 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Inspected</th>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Repair Needed and Action Taken or Planned</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Systems: Gas Leaks, Mechanical/HVAC, Sewer</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interior: Interior Surfaces</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleanliness: Overall Cleanliness, Pest/Vermin Infestation</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical: Electrical</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restrooms/Fountains: Restrooms, Sinks/Fountains</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety: Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Structural: Structural Damage, Roofs</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External: Playground/School Grounds, Windows/Doors/Gates/Fences</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Overall Facility Rate
State Priority: Pupil Achievement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Pupil Achievement (Priority 4):

- **Statewide assessments** (i.e., California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress [CAASPP] System, which includes the Smarter Balanced Summative Assessments for students in the general education population and the California Alternate Assessments [CAAs] for English language arts/literacy [ELA] and mathematics given in grades three through eight and grade eleven. Only eligible students may participate in the administration of the CAAs. CAAs items are aligned with alternate achievement standards, which are linked with the Common Core State Standards [CCSS] for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities); and

- The percentage of students who have successfully completed courses that satisfy the requirements for entrance to the University of California and the California State University, or career technical education sequences or programs of study.

### CAASPP Test Results in ELA and Mathematics for All Students

#### Grades Three through Eight and Grade Eleven

#### Percentage of Students Meeting or Exceeding the State Standard

Our numbers are too low for reporting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English Language Arts / Literacy (grades 3-8 and 11)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>47.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics (grades 3-8 and 11)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>31.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waived the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.

Note: Percentages are not calculated when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

Note: ELA and mathematics test results include the Smarter Balanced Summative Assessment and the CAA. The “Percent Met or Exceeded” is calculated by taking the total number of students who met or exceeded the standard on the Smarter Balanced Summative Assessment plus the total number of students who met the standard (i.e., achieved Level 3–Alternate) on the CAAs divided by the total number of students who participated in both assessments.
CAASPP Test Results in ELA by Student Group
Grades Three through Eight and Grade Eleven (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Total Enrollment</th>
<th>Number Tested</th>
<th>Percent Tested</th>
<th>Percent Not Tested</th>
<th>Percent Met or Exceeded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Students</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More Races</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Socioeconomically Disadvantaged</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Learners</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students with Disabilities</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students Receiving Migrant Education Services</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foster Youth</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeless</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waived the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.

Last updated: 2/1/2021
### CAASPP Test Results in Mathematics by Student Group

**Grades Three through Eight and Grade Eleven (School Year 2019–2020)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Total Enrollment</th>
<th>Number Tested</th>
<th>Percent Tested</th>
<th>Percent Not Tested</th>
<th>Percent Met or Exceeded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Students</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More Races</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Socioeconomically Disadvantaged</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Learners</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students with Disabilities</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students Receiving Migrant Education Services</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foster Youth</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeless</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waives the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.

Last updated: 2/1/2021
### CAASPP Test Results in Science for All Students

#### Grades Five, Eight and High School

Percentage of Students Meeting or Exceeding the State Standard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Science (grades 5, 8, and high school)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waived the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.

Note: The new California Science Test (CAST) was first administered operationally in the 2018–2019 school year.

*Last updated: 2/1/2021*

### CAASPP Tests Results in Science by Student Group

#### Grades Five, Eight and High School (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Total Enrollment</th>
<th>Number Tested</th>
<th>Percent Tested</th>
<th>Percent Not Tested</th>
<th>Percent Met or Exceeded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Students</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More Races</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Socioeconomically Disadvantaged</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Learners</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students with Disabilities</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students Receiving Migrant Education Services</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Career Technical Education (CTE) Participation (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>CTE Program Participation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Pupils Participating in CTE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Pupils that Complete a CTE Program and Earn a High School Diploma</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of CTE Courses that are Sequenced or Articulated Between the School and Institutions of Postsecondary Education</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waived the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.

*Last updated: 2/1/2021*
Courses for University of California (UC) and/or California State University (CSU) Admission

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UC/CSU Course Measure</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019–2020 Pupils Enrolled in Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission</td>
<td>80.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016–2019 Graduates Who Completed All Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State Priority: Other Pupil Outcomes

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Other Pupil Outcomes (Priority 8):

- Pupil outcomes in the subject area of physical education

California Physical Fitness Test Results (School Year 2019–2020)

Number of students tested is too low to report.

| Grade Level | Percentage of Students Meeting Four of Six Fitness Standards | Percentage of Students Meeting Five of Six Fitness Standards | Percentage of Students Meeting Six of Six Fitness Standards |

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-56-20 was issued which waived the requirement to administer the physical fitness performance test for the 2019–2020 school year.

State Priority: Parental Involvement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Parental Involvement (Priority 3):

- Efforts the school district makes to seek parent input in making decisions for the school district and each school site

Opportunities for Parental Involvement (School Year 2020–2021)

Parents, grandparents, caregivers, and community members have many opportunities for involvement with our school. Parents are encouraged to participate in regular student and parent conferences concerning their student's progress. We also encourage parents to volunteer during several of our yearly activities, including our end-of-the-year farewell barbecue. The school site council meets seven times a year, and parents and guardians are encouraged to attend the meetings so they will have access to important data, contribute to decisions, and stay updated on important events concerning their child's schooling. This year we have added a monthly school newsletter provided to each student and family to keep them updated on school functions. Principal Amy Brooks conducts regular student success team meetings with parents and community members to help the students' educational success. She also emails and calls all families on a regular basis to inform them of upcoming events, student progress, and COVID protocol information. Anyone wishing to be more involved with Earle Jamieson can contact us at 530-272-5464 and talk to Amy Brooks, the school principal, or Sharon Shafran the school support secretary.
State Priority: Pupil Engagement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Pupil Engagement (Priority 5):

- High school dropout rates; and
- High school graduation rates

Dropout Rate and Graduation Rate (Four-Year Cohort Rate)

Since most of our students do not attend more than one or two semesters, the graduation rate is misleading. Most of our students return to their home schools to complete school and graduate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dropout Rate</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>49.60%</td>
<td>61.90%</td>
<td>70.20%</td>
<td>9.10%</td>
<td>9.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduation Rate</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>68.20%</td>
<td>90.00%</td>
<td>96.70%</td>
<td>82.70%</td>
<td>83.00%</td>
<td>84.50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dropout/Graduation Rate (Four-Year Cohort Rate) Chart

State Priority: School Climate

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: School Climate (Priority 6):

- Pupil suspension rates;
- Pupil expulsion rates; and
- Other local measures on the sense of safety
### Suspensions and Expulsions
(data collected between July through June, each full school year respectively)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Suspensions</th>
<th>Expulsions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>School</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017–2018</td>
<td>40.50%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018–2019</td>
<td>25.70%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017–2018</td>
<td>0.70%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018–2019</td>
<td>3.50%</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### State
2017–2018
Suspensions and Expulsions for School Year 2019–2020 Only
(data collected between July through February, partial school year due to the COVID-19 pandemic)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Suspensions</th>
<th>Expulsions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>School</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019–2020</td>
<td>4.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019–2020</td>
<td>2.50%</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The 2019–2020 suspensions and expulsions rate data are not comparable to prior year data because the 2019–2020 school year is a partial school year due to the COVID-19 crisis. As such, it would be inappropriate to make any comparisons in rates of suspensions and expulsions in the 2019–2020 school year compared to prior years.

Last updated: 2/1/2021

### School Safety Plan (School Year 2020–2021)

The school safety plan is updated annually or as procedures change. The last update/review date for the safety plan was October 2020. The plan is all encompassing and includes all scenarios. The safety plan was put into place with the assistance of trained safety coordinators. All staff and school personnel have access to the plan and it is discussed several times a year during professional development days. Drills are scheduled at least quarterly, to include students for both fire and "lock down" procedures.

Last updated: 2/1/2021
The information in this section is required to be in the SARC but is not included in the state priorities for LCFF.

**Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Elementary) School Year (2017–2018)**

We have no classes grade K-6.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>K</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>Other**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-20</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Classes * 21-32

* Number of classes indicates how many classes fall into each size category (a range of total students per class).

** "Other" category is for multi-grade level classes.

**Number of Classes * 33+

**Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Elementary) School Year (2018–2019)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>K</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>Other**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-20</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Classes * 21-32

* Number of classes indicates how many classes fall into each size category (a range of total students per class).

** "Other" category is for multi-grade level classes.

**Number of Classes * 33+

**Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Elementary) School Year (2019–2020)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>K</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>Other**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Classes * 21-32

Number of Classes * 33+

* Number of classes indicates how many classes fall into each size category (a range of total students per class).

** "Other" category is for multi-grade level classes.

Last updated: 2/1/2021
### Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary) (School Year 2017–2018)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Mathematics</th>
<th>Science</th>
<th>Social Science</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td>1-22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-32</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Number of classes indicates how many classrooms fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom). At the secondary school level, this information is reported by subject area rather than grade level.

### Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary) (School Year 2018–2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Mathematics</th>
<th>Science</th>
<th>Social Science</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td>1-22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-32</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Number of classes indicates how many classrooms fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom). At the secondary school level, this information is reported by subject area rather than grade level.

### Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary) (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Mathematics</th>
<th>Science</th>
<th>Social Science</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td>1-22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-32</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Number of classes indicates how many classrooms fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom). At the secondary school level, this information is reported by subject area rather than grade level.
### Ratio of Pupils to Academic Counselor (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pupils to Academic Counselor*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*One full time equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full time.

Last updated: 2/1/2021

### Student Support Services Staff (School Year 2019–2020)

Due to low numbers, we do not have any of these staff members with the exception of a part-time Resource teacher.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of FTE* Assigned to School</th>
<th>Counselor (Academic, Social/Behavioral or Career Development)</th>
<th>Library Media Teacher (Librarian)</th>
<th>Library Media Services Staff (Paraprofessional)</th>
<th>Psychologist</th>
<th>Social Worker</th>
<th>Nurse</th>
<th>Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist</th>
<th>Resource Specialist (non-teaching)</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.40</td>
<td>0.78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*One full time equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full time.

Last updated: 2/1/2021

### Expenditures Per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2018–2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Total Expenditures Per Pupil</th>
<th>Expenditures Per Pupil (Restricted)</th>
<th>Expenditures Per Pupil (Unrestricted)</th>
<th>Average Teacher Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>School Site</td>
<td>$63753.00</td>
<td>$28244.00</td>
<td>$35509.00</td>
<td>$76450.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$6413.00</td>
<td>$57310.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent Difference</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>553.70%</td>
<td>133.40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

www.sarconline.org/Saco/Print/29102980116681
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Total Expenditures Per Pupil</th>
<th>Expenditures Per Pupil (Restricted)</th>
<th>Expenditures Per Pupil (Unrestricted)</th>
<th>Average Teacher Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$7750.12</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent Difference – School Site and State</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>456.18%</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Last updated: 2/1/2021

Types of Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2019–2020)

Programs and services at Earle Jamieson include: special education services, foster youth services, and homeless youth services are provided through the Nevada County Superintendent of Schools. Girls Circle and Boys Council are provided through Victor Services. Music therapy occurs weekly provided through an independent provider. All students take part in Poetry Out-loud provided by the Arts Council. A variety of speakers are invited to join our monthly Career Café, aimed to inspire and introduce various career paths to our students. Sierra Harvest provides monthly nutrition activities and lessons to students with occasional cooking lessons. Nevada County Behavioral Health is involved with many of our students; some meet on campus and some visit their counselors outside of school hours. The Tobacco Use Prevention Education (TUPE) program assists our students with tobacco use prevention education. All students have access to our school counselor. Drivers education courses are provided to students when they are of age. All students are provided with ELA and math remediation courses.

Last updated: 2/1/2021
# Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2018–2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>District Amount</th>
<th>State Average For Districts In Same Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beginning Teacher Salary</td>
<td>$51,168</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mid-Range Teacher Salary</td>
<td>$78,965</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highest Teacher Salary</td>
<td>$91,572</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Principal Salary (Elementary)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Principal Salary (Middle)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Principal Salary (High)</td>
<td>$99,505</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Superintendent Salary</td>
<td>$150,368</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Budget for Teacher Salaries</td>
<td>31.86%</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Budget for Administrative Salaries</td>
<td>14.11%</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For detailed information on salaries, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits web page at [https://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fbcs/](https://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fbcs/).

![Teacher Salary Chart](chart-image-url)
Principal Salary Chart

- Average Principal Salary (Elementary)
- Average Principal Salary (Middle)
- Average Principal Salary (High)

Last updated: 2/1/2021
Advanced Placement (AP) Courses (School Year 2019–2020)

As a community school and due to low population, we do not offer AP courses.

Percent of Students in AP Courses 0.00%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Number of AP Courses Offered*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Computer Science</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fine and Performing Arts</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Language</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Science</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total AP Courses Offered*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Where there are student course enrollments of at least one student.

Last updated: 2/1/2021

Professional Development

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of school days dedicated to Staff Development and Continuous Improvement</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Questions: SARC TEAM  | sarc@cde.ca.gov  | 916-319-0406

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814
2019–2020 School Accountability Report Card

School Accountability Report Card
Reported Using Data from the 2019–2020 School Year
California Department of Education

By February 1 of each year, every school in California is required by state law to publish a School Accountability Report Card (SARC). The SARC contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school. Under the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) all local educational agencies (LEAs) are required to prepare a Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP), which describes how they intend to meet annual school-specific goals for all pupils, with specific activities to address state and local priorities. Additionally, data reported in an LCAP is to be consistent with data reported in the SARC.

- For more information about SARC requirements, see the California Department of Education (CDE) SARC web page at https://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sar.

- For more information about the LCFF or LCAP, see the CDE LCFF web page at https://www.cde.ca.gov/fg/aa/lc.

- For additional information about the school, parents/guardians and community members should contact the school principal or the district office.

DataQuest

DataQuest is an online data tool located on the CDE DataQuest web page at https://dq.cde.ca.gov/datquest/ that contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district and the county. Specifically, DataQuest is a dynamic system that provides reports for accountability (e.g., test data, enrollment, high school graduates, dropouts, course enrollments, staffing, and data regarding English learners).

California School Dashboard
The California School Dashboard (Dashboard) [https://www.caschooldashboard.org/](https://www.caschooldashboard.org/) reflects California’s new accountability and continuous improvement system and provides information about how LEAs and schools are meeting the needs of California’s diverse student population. The Dashboard contains reports that display the performance of LEAs, schools, and student groups on a set of state and local measures to assist in identifying strengths, challenges, and areas in need of improvement.

Ms. Amy Brooks, Principal

- Principal, Sugarloaf Mountain, Juvenile Hall Program
About Our School

Sugarloaf Mountain High School is located in the Carl F. Bryan Youth Center within the Nevada County Juvenile Hall. We are located in Nevada County, in the town of Nevada City, with a population of approximately 3000 people and a total county population of approximately 100,000. Sugarloaf Mountain School has provided a safe residential placement for up to 20 students at a time. Our mission is to rehabilitate our students with the necessary skills to function successfully in today’s world. Here we work with many community agencies to provide programs to support not only students’ academic needs, but their social and emotional health. Our dedicated staff works to foster physical and emotional well-being and to promote a productive future for our students. At Sugarloaf, our students receive a high quality of educational instruction to help them recover credits based on their needs so they are better prepared for their return to their intended school.

The Juvenile Hall closed as of December 31st 2020, which subsequently forced the closure of Sugarloaf Mountain High School.

Contact

Sugarloaf Mountain, Juvenile Hall Program
15434 Highway 49
Nevada City, CA 95959

Phone: 530-272-5464
Email: ssheffran@nevco.org

About This School

Contact Information (School Year 2020–2021)

District Contact Information (School Year 2020–2021)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District Name</th>
<th>Nevada County Office of Education</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phone Number</td>
<td>(530) 478-6400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Superintendent</td>
<td>Scott W. Lay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email Address</td>
<td><a href="mailto:slay@nevco.org">slay@nevco.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website</td>
<td><a href="http://www.nevco.org">http://www.nevco.org</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

School Contact Information (School Year 2020–2021)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School Name</th>
<th>Sugarloaf Mountain, Juvenile Hall Program</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

www.sarconline.org/Sarc/Print/29102980116913
School Description and Mission Statement (School Year 2020–2021)

The Nevada County Superintendent of Schools operates Sugarloaf Mountain Juvenile Hall Program (County Juvenile Court School) which serves approximately 20 students per classroom and credentialed teacher, and 40 at max with two classrooms open. Only one classroom has been in operation for the past three years. Sugarloaf Mountain works collaboratively with the Nevada County Probation Department and Earle Jamieson Educational Options (the County Community School) to ensure a smooth transition as students move between the school sites. Sugarloaf enrolls students who have been detained by law enforcement and/or have violated their probation terms. The Sugarloaf students enroll anywhere from three days to a full year. Many of the students are working to make up lost credits and get back on track academically and behaviorally. Students tend to cycle from Sugarloaf to Earle Jamieson Educational Options, or vice versa, in an attempt to find permanent improvement in their academics and behaviors prior to returning to a less restrictive learning environment, in a local school. Due to the transitional nature of the students in these programs, student achievement is measured and weighted more by classroom assessments and methods of academic interventions than by yearly state assessments (such as CSTs, the new CAASPP, and CAHSEE). The students at Sugarloaf are often there for 30 days or less and those state scores reflect more on the local schools from which they come, than from Sugarloaf instruction.

Student Enrollment by Grade Level (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>Grade 10</th>
<th>Grade 11</th>
<th>Grade 12</th>
<th>Total Enrollment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Students</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Last updated: 2/1/2021
Student Enrollment by Student Group (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Black or African American</th>
<th>American Indian or Alaska Native</th>
<th>Asian</th>
<th>Filipino</th>
<th>Hispanic or Latino</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Total Enrollment</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Group (Other)</td>
<td>Sociodemographically Disadvantaged</td>
<td>English Learners</td>
<td>Students with Disabilities</td>
<td>Foster Youth</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Total Enrollment</td>
<td>100.00 %</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>66.70 %</td>
<td>%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State Priority: Basic

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Basic (Priority 1):

- Degree to which teachers are appropriately assigned and fully credentialed in the subject area and for the pupils they are teaching;
- Pupils have access to standards-aligned instructional materials; and
- School facilities are maintained in good repair

Teacher Credentials
### Teachers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>With Full Credential</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Full Credential</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teachers Teaching Outside Subject Area of Competence (with full credential)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Teacher Misassignments and Vacant Teacher Positions

**Last updated: 2/1/2021**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Teacher Misassignments*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacant Teacher Positions</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note: "Misassignments" refers to the number of positions filled by teachers who lack legal authorization to teach that grade level, subject area, student group, etc.

* Total Teacher Misassignments includes the number of Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners.

Last updated: 2/1/2021

Quality, Currency, Availability of Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials (School Year 2020–2021)

Year and month in which the data were collected:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials/Year of Adoption</th>
<th>From Most Recent Adoption?</th>
<th>Percent Students Lacking Own Assigned Copy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

www.sarconline.org/Sarb/Print/20102980116913
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials/year of Adoption</th>
<th>From Most Recent Adoption?</th>
<th>Percent Students Lacking Own Assigned Copy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reading/Language Arts</td>
<td>7th – Literature &amp; Language Arts-1st Course, Holt Rinehart, Winston, 2003</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8th — Literature &amp; Language Arts-2nd Course, Holt Rinehart, Winston, 2010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9th– Literature &amp; Language Arts-3rd Course, Interactive Reader, Holt Rinehart, Winston, 2005</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10th– Literature &amp; Language Arts-4th Course, Interactive Reader, Holt Rinehart, Winston, 2005</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11th– Literature &amp; Language Arts-5th Course, Interactive Reader, Holt Rinehart, Winston, 2005</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12th - Contemporary Non-Fiction Novels</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>Pre-Algebra – McDougall Littel, 2008</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Algebra 1 – McDougall Littel, 2008</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Algebra 1 – Key to Algebra, Key Curriculum Press, 1992</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geometry – McDougall Littel, 2007</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geometry – Key to Geometry, Key Curriculum Press, 1979</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumer Math – AGS, 1989</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>7th- Life Science – Holt, 1986</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8th – Physical Science – Holt, 1986</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Physical Science – Science Workshop Series-Physical Sciences, Globe Fearon, 2000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History-Social Science</td>
<td>7th – World History – AGS, 1991</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8th – US History – Glencoe, 1994</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10th - World History – Globe Fearon, 1994</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11th - US History – American Adventures (4 Volumes)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-US History, Globe Fearon, 1994</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Economics – Globe Fearon, 1995</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Economics - Economics for Everybody – AMSCO, 2006</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Language</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>Textbooks and Other Instructional Materials/year of Adoption</td>
<td>From Most Recent Adoption?</td>
<td>Percent Students Lacking Own Assigned Copy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Positive Prevention Plus for Middle, High School and Community Schools copyright 2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.00 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visual and Performing Arts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science Lab Eqpmt (Grades 9-12)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Last updated: 2/1/2021

School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements

The Sugarloaf Mountain School / Juvenile Hall is managed by the Nevada County Probation Department. This facility is held to county of Nevada standards.

Last updated: 1/28/2021

School Facility Good Repair Status

Using the most recently collected Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), provide the following:
- Determination of repair status for systems listed
- Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair
- The year and month in which the data were collected
- The rate for each system inspected
- The overall rating

Year and month of the most recent FIT report: April 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Inspected</th>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Repair Needed and Action Taken or Planned</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Systems</strong>: Gas Leaks, Mechanical/HVAC, Sewer</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Interior</strong>: Interior Surfaces</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cleanliness</strong>: Overall Cleanliness, Pest/Vermin Infestation</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electrical</strong>: Electrical</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Restrooms/Fountains</strong>: Restrooms, Sinks/Fountains</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Safety</strong>: Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Overall Facility Rate

Year and month of the most recent FIT report: April 2020

Overall Rating Exemplary

Last updated: 1/31/2021

State Priority: Pupil Achievement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Pupil Achievement (Priority 4):

- **Statewide assessments** (i.e., California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress [CAASPP] System, which includes the Smarter Balanced Summative Assessments for students in the general education population and the California Alternate Assessments [CAAs] for English language arts/literacy [ELA] and mathematics given in grades three through eight and grade eleven. Only eligible students may participate in the administration of the CAAs. CAAs items are aligned with alternate achievement standards, which are linked with the Common Core State Standards [CCSS] for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities); and

- The percentage of students who have successfully completed courses that satisfy the requirements for entrance to the University of California and the California State University, or career technical education sequences or programs of study.

CAASPP Test Results in ELA and Mathematics for All Students

Grades Three through Eight and Grade Eleven

Percentage of Students Meeting or Exceeding the State Standard

There are too few students enrolled to report scores.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English Language Arts / Literacy (grades 3-8 and 11)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>47.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics (grades 3-8 and 11)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>31.0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.
Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waived the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.
Note: Percentages are not calculated when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.
Note: ELA and mathematics test results include the Smarter Balanced Summative Assessment and the CAA. The "Percent Met or Exceeded" is calculated by taking the total number of students who met or exceeded the standard on the Smarter Balanced Summative Assessment plus the total number of students who met the standard (i.e., achieved Level 3-Alternate) on the CAAs divided by the total number of students who participated in both assessments.

Last updated: 1/28/2021
## CAASPP Test Results in ELA by Student Group

### Grades Three through Eight and Grade Eleven (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Total Enrollment</th>
<th>Number Tested</th>
<th>Percent Tested</th>
<th>Percent Not Tested</th>
<th>Percent Met or Exceeded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Students</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More Races</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Socioeconomically Disadvantaged</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Learners</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students with Disabilities</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students Receiving Migrant Education Services</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foster Youth</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeless</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waived the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.

_Last updated: 1/28/2021_
## CAASPP Test Results in Mathematics by Student Group

**Grades Three through Eight and Grade Eleven (School Year 2019–2020)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Total Enrollment</th>
<th>Number Tested</th>
<th>Percent Tested</th>
<th>Percent Not Tested</th>
<th>Percent Met or Exceeded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Students</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More Races</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Socioeconomically Disadvantaged</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Learners</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students with Disabilities</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students Receiving Migrant Education</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foster Youth</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeless</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waives the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.

*Last updated: 1/28/2021*
CAASPP Test Results in Science for All Students
Grades Five, Eight and High School
Percentage of Students Meeting or Exceeding the State Standard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Science (grades 5, 8, and high school)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.
Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waived the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.
Note: The new California Science Test (CAST) was first administered operationally in the 2018–2019 school year.

CAASPP Tests Results in Science by Student Group
Grades Five, Eight and High School (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Total Enrollment</th>
<th>Number Tested</th>
<th>Percent Tested</th>
<th>Percent Not Tested</th>
<th>Percent Met or Exceeded</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Students</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or More Races</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Socioeconomically Disadvantaged</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Learners</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students with Disabilities</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students Receiving Migrant Education Services</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Group</td>
<td>Total Enrollment</td>
<td>Number Tested</td>
<td>Percent Tested</td>
<td>Percent Not Tested</td>
<td>Percent Met or Exceeded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foster Youth</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeless</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.
Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-30-20 was issued which waived the requirement for statewide testing for the 2019–2020 school year.

Last updated: 1/28/2021

**Career Technical Education (CTE) Participation (School Year 2019–2020)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>CTE Program Participation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Pupils Participating in CTE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Pupils that Complete a CTE Program and Earn a High School Diploma</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of CTE Courses that are Sequenced or Articulated Between the School and Institutions of Postsecondary Education</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Last updated: 1/28/2021
Courses for University of California (UC) and/or California State University (CSU) Admission

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UC/CSU Course Measure</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019–2020 Pupils Enrolled in Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018–2019 Graduates Who Completed All Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State Priority: Other Pupil Outcomes

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Other Pupil Outcomes (Priority 8):

- Pupil outcomes in the subject area of physical education

California Physical Fitness Test Results (School Year 2019–2020)

There are too few students to list in this category.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>Percentage of Students Meeting Four of Six Fitness Standards</th>
<th>Percentage of Students Meeting Five of Six Fitness Standards</th>
<th>Percentage of Students Meeting Six of Six Fitness Standards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Note: The 2019–2020 data are not available. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Executive Order N-56-20 was issued which waived the requirement to administer the physical fitness performance test for the 2019–2020 school year.

State Priority: Parental Involvement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Parental Involvement (Priority 3):

- Efforts the school district makes to seek parent input in making decisions for the school district and each school site

Opportunities for Parental Involvement (School Year 2020–2021)

Because the school is housed within a detention facility, it is often difficult for parents to be involved on a regular basis. However, parents are invited with written invitation to attend the combined school site council meetings. Parents/guardian are always involved with IEPs and Student Study Plans.

State Priority: Pupil Engagement

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: Pupil Engagement (Priority 5):

- High school dropout rates; and
- High school graduation rates
Dropout Rate and Graduation Rate (Four-Year Cohort Rate)

Due to the transitory nature of these students, the drop out and graduation rates are misleading.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dropout Rate</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>27.30%</td>
<td>49.60%</td>
<td>61.90%</td>
<td>70.20%</td>
<td>9.10%</td>
<td>9.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduation Rate</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>72.70%</td>
<td>50.40%</td>
<td>38.10%</td>
<td>29.80%</td>
<td>91.00%</td>
<td>90.40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Last updated: 1/28/2021

State Priority: School Climate

The SARC provides the following information relevant to the State priority: School Climate (Priority 6):

- Pupil suspension rates;
- Pupil expulsion rates; and
- Other local measures on the sense of safety

Due to the school being housed in the Juvenile Detention Facility, there are rarely, if ever suspensions from school.

Suspensions and Expulsions
(data collected between July through June, each full school year respectively)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Suspensions</th>
<th>Expulsions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>School</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017–2018</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018–2019</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>0.70%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017–2018</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>0.50%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018–2019</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.60%</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State 2017–2018

Suspendions and Expulsions for School Year 2019–2020 Only (data collected between July through February, partial school year due to the COVID-19 pandemic)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Suspensions</th>
<th>Expulsions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>School</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019–2020</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>2.50%</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019–2020</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The 2019–2020 suspensions and expulsions rate data are not comparable to prior year data because the 2019–2020 school year is a partial school year due to the COVID-19 crisis. As such, it would be inappropriate to make any comparisons in rates of suspensions and expulsions in the 2019–2020 school year compared to prior years.

Last updated: 1/28/2021

School Safety Plan (School Year 2020–2021)

The juvenile hall facility is run by the county probation department. The probation department has a very comprehensive safety plan in place that includes the school and school staff. The probation department reviews the emergency plan with school staff frequently.

The information in this section is required to be in the SARC but is not included in the state priorities for LCFF.

Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Elementary) School Year (2017–2018)

There are no elementary students in the school.
2/1/2021 - School Accountability Report Card (CA Dept of Education)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>K</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>Other**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td>1-20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Classes *
- Number of classes indicates how many classes fall into each size category (a range of total students per class).
- **"Other" category is for multi-grade level classes.

Number of Classes *
- 21-32
- 33+

Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Elementary) School Year (2018–2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>K</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>Other**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td>1-20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Classes *
- Number of classes indicates how many classes fall into each size category (a range of total students per class).
- **"Other" category is for multi-grade level classes.

Number of Classes *
- 21-32
- 33+

Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Elementary) School Year (2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>K</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>Other**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td>1-20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Classes *
- 21-32

Number of Classes *
- 33+

* Number of classes indicates how many classes fall into each size category (a range of total students per class).
- **"Other" category is for multi-grade level classes.

Last updated: 1/28/2021

Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary) (School Year 2017–2018)
### Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary) (School Year 2018–2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Mathematics</th>
<th>Science</th>
<th>Social Science</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-32</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Number of classes indicates how many classrooms fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom). At the secondary school level, this information is reported by subject area rather than grade level.

### Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary) (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Mathematics</th>
<th>Science</th>
<th>Social Science</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Average Class Size</td>
<td>8.00</td>
<td>8.00</td>
<td>8.00</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23-32</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Classes *</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33+</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Number of classes indicates how many classrooms fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom). At the secondary school level, this information is reported by subject area rather than grade level.
Title | Ratio
---|---
Pupils to Academic Counselor* | 0

*One full time equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full time.

Last updated: 1/28/2021

Student Support Services Staff (School Year 2019–2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Number of FTE* Assigned to School</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Counselor (Academic, Social/Behavioral or Career Development)</td>
<td>0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library Media Teacher (Librarian)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library Media Services Staff (Paraprofessional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychologist</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Worker</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nurse</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resource Specialist (non-teaching)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*One full time equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full time.

Last updated: 1/28/2021

Expenditures Per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2018–2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Total Expenditures Per Pupil</th>
<th>Expenditures Per Pupil (Restricted)</th>
<th>Expenditures Per Pupil (Unrestricted)</th>
<th>Average Teacher Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>School Site</td>
<td>$92734.00</td>
<td>$27730.00</td>
<td>$65004.00</td>
<td>$68832.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$6413.00</td>
<td>$57310.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent Difference – School Site and District</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>101.36%</td>
<td>120.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$7750.12</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Percent Difference – School Site and State

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Total Expenditures Per Pupil</th>
<th>Expenditures Per Pupil (Restricted)</th>
<th>Expenditures Per Pupil (Unrestricted)</th>
<th>Average Teacher Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>838.75%</td>
<td>--</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Cells with N/A values do not require data.

Last updated: 1/28/2021

### Types of Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2019–2020)

Supplemental educational services include outside county and community agencies supporting students in person (virtual during COVID). Probation officers, drug and alcohol counselors, and health presenters meet weekly with the students to help them better cope with the difficulties the students may be dealing within areas of substance abuse, anger management, emotional stress and other related topics.

Last updated: 1/28/2021
Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2018–2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>District Amount</th>
<th>State Average For Districts In Same Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beginning Teacher Salary</td>
<td>$51,168</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mid-Range Teacher Salary</td>
<td>$78,965</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highest Teacher Salary</td>
<td>$91,572</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Principal Salary (Elementary)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Principal Salary (Middle)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Principal Salary (High)</td>
<td>$99,505</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Superintendent Salary</td>
<td>$150,368</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Budget for Teacher Salaries</td>
<td>46.54%</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Budget for Administrative Salaries</td>
<td>10.87%</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For detailed information on salaries, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits web page at [https://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/](https://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/).
Principal Salary Chart

Average Principal Salary (Elementary)  Average Principal Salary (Middle)  Average Principal Salary (High)

Last updated: 1/28/2021
Advanced Placement (AP) Courses (School Year 2019–2020)

We do not offer AP courses at the Court School.

**Percent of Students in AP Courses**: 0.00%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Number of AP Courses Offered*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Computer Science</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fine and Performing Arts</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Language</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Science</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total AP Courses Offered</strong></td>
<td><strong>0</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Where there are student course enrollments of at least one student.

Last updated: 1/28/2021

Professional Development

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of school days dedicated to Staff Development and Continuous Improvement</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Questions: SARC TEAM | sarc@cde.ca.gov | 916-319-0406

California Department of Education
1430 N Street
Sacramento, CA 95814
Nevada County Superintendent of Schools Office
Comprehensive School Safety Plan
Basic Plan
March 2021
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Associate Superintendent, Business Services

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Director of Human Resources

Christine Espedal, NCSOS  
Director of School Safety Mountain

Amy Brooks, Principal  
Earle Jamison, Sugar Loaf

Morgan Best, Site Director  
Sierra College Child Development Center Resource Center

Carrie Brunt, Principal  
Terence K. McAteer Family

Captain Jeff Pettitt  
NCSOS

Terry McMahan, Fire Marshall  
Nevada County Consolidated Fire
Intentionally Left Blank
INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

A. Purpose of the Plan
The purpose of the Nevada County Superintendent of Schools (NCSOS) Comprehensive School Safety Plan is to identify and respond to incidents by outlining the responsibilities and duties of NCSOS and its employees. Developing, maintaining, and exercising the plan empowers employees in an incident to act quickly and knowledgeably. In addition, the plan educates staff, faculty, students, and other key stakeholders on their roles and responsibilities before, during, and after an incident. This plan provides parents and other members of the community with assurances that NCSOS has established guidelines and procedures to respond to incidents/hazards in an effective way. NCSOS serves as a resource to the schools in Nevada County in efforts to update their plans with best practices.

The developed guidelines and procedures for dealing with existing and potential student and school incidents, and incidents that may occur at NCSOS or in the outlying county are defined in the plan below. The basic plan and the functional and hazard-specific annexes outline an organized, systematic method to mitigate, prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from incidents. An assessment reviewed by the NCSOS School Safety Planning Committee and the NCSOS Collaborative Safety Committee in relation to the current status of school crime committed on campus and at school related functions is completed by reviewing school discipline, suspension and expulsion data, and the California Healthy Kids Survey. Local law enforcement has been consulted (Ed. Code 39294.1) and participates in the development of planning for response. Other local agencies, such as health care and emergency services, are consulted as needed. (Ed Code 39294.2) Faculty and staff have been trained to assess the seriousness of incidents and respond according to these established procedures and guidelines. NCSOS schedules in-service training for faculty, staff, and students. School sites conduct earthquake, fire, and intruder drills as required by California education codes.

Lastly, developing, maintaining, and exercising the School Safety Plan increases NCSOS legal protection. NCSOS is committed to providing students with quality educational experiences in a safe and secure school environment. To implement this commitment, the Comprehensive Safe School Safety Plan was developed in accordance with the objectives of SB 187. Policies and procedures are assessed, modified, and updated on an ongoing basis to ensure that the plan is an effective and integral part of the county's efforts to provide an optimal learning environment and safe work environment for all employees and students.

B. Scope of the Plan
The NCSOS School Safety Plan outlines the expectations of staff/faculty, and students; roles and responsibilities; direction and control systems; internal and external communications plans; training and sustainability plans; authority and references as defined by local, tribal, State, and Federal government mandates; common and specialized procedures; and specific hazard vulnerabilities and responses/recovery.
1. Definitions

Incident: An incident is an occurrence – natural, technological, or human-caused – that requires a response to protect life or property. The principal/building administrator shall have the authority to determine when an incident has occurred and to implement the procedures within this Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

Hazards: Hazards shall include situations involving threats of harm to students, personnel, and/or facilities. Hazards include but are not limited to natural, technological, and human-caused incidents. Hazards may require an interagency response involving law enforcement and/or emergency services agencies depending on the size and scope of the incident. Identified hazards parallel those identified in the Local Hazard Mitigation Plan of Nevada County.

2. School Board Policy Statement

The NCSOS Comprehensive School Safety Plan operates within the framework of the approved NCSOS School Board policies (available upon request).

Mandated Policies and Procedures

The NCSOS School Safety Planning Committee has reviewed the site safety plan from 2020 and made necessary updates and revisions. The safety plan includes the following Components (school site policies and procedures in reference to Ed Code 35294.2 available upon request):

- Child abuse reporting consistent with Penal Code 11164 (Online training conducted through NCSOS Human Resources Department)
- Policies pursuant to Educational Code 48915 and other school-designated serious acts which would lead to suspension, expulsion or mandatory expulsion recommendations.
- Procedures to notify teachers and counselors (amended Welfare and Institutions Code 827) of dangerous students pursuant to Education Code 49079.
- A sexual harassment policy pursuant to Education Code 212.6 (Online training conducted through NCSOS Human Resources Department)
- Procedures for safe entrance and exit of students, parents/guardians and employees to and from the school
- The rules and procedures on school discipline adopted pursuant to Education Code 35291 and 35291.5 (5411-discipline) in order to create a safe and orderly environment conducive to learning at school.
- Procedures for conducting tactical responses to criminal incidents including guns on campus incidents (AB 1747).
- Procedures to prepare for active shooter/assailant based on local needs/context (AB 1747).
NCSOS CSSP 2021

- If the school has adopted a dress code prohibiting students from wearing “gang related apparel,” the provisions of that dress code.
- Youth Suicide Prevention policy (AB 1808 and AB1767)
- Bully/Cyberbullying Prevention (AB 2291)
- Routine and Emergency Disaster Procedures that include:
  - Bomb Threats
  - Earthquake Emergency Procedure System
  - Emergency and Disaster Preparedness Plan
  - Fire Drills (California Code of Regulations Section 550)
  - Lockdown/Shelter in Place
  - Transportation Safety and Emergencies

C. Situation Overview/Hazard Analysis Summary

1. Office Population
   **NCSOS currently has one office site and three school site locations.**
   A. The NCSOS office site is located in a one-story building located at 380 Crown Point Circle, Grass Valley, California. At the time of this writing there are 39 employees housed at this site. Several itinerant workers may use work stations in the cubicle at various times.

2. School Population
   A. **Earle Jamieson Educational Options** is located in a one-story building located at 112 Nevada City Highway, Nevada City, CA. At the time of this writing there are six employees. There is a fluctuating student population at this site with an average of 10-15 students serving an age range of 12-18 years old.

   B. **Sierra College Child Development Center** is located in a one-story building on the Sierra College, Grass Valley campus at 250 Sierra College Drive, Grass Valley, CA. At the time of this writing there are two NCSOS employees housed at this site, two First Five employees and one Sierra College employee. During the COVID-19 pandemic the student population at this site varies with daily schedules (see Pandemic Plan) with the potential for 64 toddler/pre-school age in a pandemic free environment.

   C. **Terence K. McAteer Family Resource Center (TKM) Special Education Services** is located in a one-story building located at 400 Hoover Lane, Nevada City, CA. At the time of this writing there are a total of 50 employees housed at this site (39 Special Education staff and 11 other program staff including SELPA, CCS, Partnership Preschool, Science Discovery and Warm Water Pool employees). During the COVID-19 pandemic, the student population at this site varies with daily schedules (see Pandemic Plan) with the potential for 76 students if all students were on site at the same time on the same day in a pandemic free environment. On a typical day (pre-pandemic), TKM serves 46-55 children (infant – pre-school age).

   D. **Nevada County SELPA:** Special education services are provided to students throughout Nevada County on various school sites. All NCSOS employees follow the school site safety plan in the event of an incident. There are three SELPA employees housed at the TKM site.
Special Needs Population

NCSOS is committed to the safe evacuation and transport of students and staff with special needs on each school site. The special needs population includes students/staff with:

- Limited English proficiency,
- Blindness or visual disabilities,
- Cognitive or emotional disabilities,
- Deafness or hearing loss,
- Mobility/physical disabilities (permanent and temporary), and
- Medically fragile health (including asthma and severe allergies).

Operations Plan

2. Building Information

**The NCSOS office site** is located in a one-story building located at 380 Crown Point Circle, Grass Valley, California. There is approximately 14,797 square feet of office space including a warehouse/maintenance area.

A map of the buildings annotated with evacuation routes, fire alarm pull stations, fire hydrants, fire extinguishers, first aid kits, hazardous materials storage, and utility shutoffs is included in the Appendix.

**Earle Jamieson Educational Options** is located in two one-story buildings located at 112 Nevada City Highway, Nevada City, CA. The main building houses office space, one classroom, dining area, kitchen, and weight room. The second building houses one classroom and a conference room. The EJ site is approximately 7,616 square feet.

**Sierra College Child Development Center** is located in a one-story building on the Sierra College, Grass Valley campus at 250 Sierra College Drive, Grass Valley, CA. The Sierra College facility includes office space, classrooms, observation room and kitchen. The student-observation classroom on site is used by the Sierra College early childhood education program. The Sierra College Child Development Center adheres to all safety plans specific to their site as outlined in this plan, but in collaboration with the Sierra College safety plan for higher education.

**Terence K. McAteer Family Resource Center (TKM) Special Education Services** is located in a one-story building located at 400 Hoover Lane, Nevada City, CA. There is approximately 14,557 square feet including office space, classrooms, kitchen, library, playroom, and swimming pool.

**Nevada County SELPA**: Special education services are provided to students throughout Nevada County on various school sites. All NCSOS employees follow the school site safety plan in the event of an incident.
Hazard Analysis Summary

The Nevada County Operational Area Emergency Services Council prepared a Local Hazard Mitigation Update Plan on behalf of the County, its incorporated cities and towns and participating districts. The Plan preparation process culminated in a completed document while providing the participants with a clear understanding of local risks and tangible mitigation plans for reducing or eliminating long-term risk to people and property from natural and human caused hazards and their effects. The Plan meets the requirements of the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000 and maintains the eligibility of Nevada County and all other participants in the Plan for FEMA Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) and Hazard Mitigation Grant Programs (HMGP). The Plan preparation process followed a methodology recommended by FEMA. The planning process examined the recorded history of losses resulting from natural and selected human-caused hazards and analyzed the future risks to the county by these hazards. The planning effort undertaken for the Nevada County Fire Plan was an integral part of the plan.

The Nevada County Superintendent of Schools recognizes that school sites and outlying areas are exposed to many hazards, all of which have the potential for disrupting the school community, causing casualties, and damaging or destroying public or private property. The Local Hazard Mitigation Update Plan of Nevada County 2017 serves as a tool for assessing potential hazards affecting school sites. NCSOS utilizes the FEMA training and template E/L361 and G364: Multi-hazard Emergency Planning for Schools and the Local Hazard Mitigation Plan (LHMP) of Nevada County to develop this Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

Mitigation Assessment

According to the Local Hazard Mitigation Update Plan of Nevada County 2017, circumstances in the school or near school sites that may present unique problems or potential risk to people or property rank wildfire as a high risk. The interior and exterior portions of all school buildings and school grounds have been assessed for additional potential hazards that may impact the site, staff, and visitors. Identified hazards have been assessed by risk and likelihood and ranked accordingly. NCSOS collaborates with Nevada County Office of Emergency Services and local fire departments for mitigation assessment.

The following is a review of mitigation assessments from the 2017 Local Mitigation Hazard Plan Update of Nevada County:

This Plan Update was prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-390) and the implementing regulations set forth by the Interim Final Rule published in the Federal Register on February 26, 2002, (44 CFR §201.6) and finalized on October 31, 2007. (Hereafter, these requirements and regulations will be referred to collectively as the Disaster Mitigation Act (DMA) or DMA 2000.) While the act emphasized the need for mitigation plans and more coordinated mitigation planning and implementation efforts, the regulations established the requirements that local hazard
mitigation plans must meet in order for a local jurisdiction to be eligible for certain federal disaster assistance and hazard mitigation funding under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Act (Public Law 93-288). This planning effort also follows FEMA’s 2013 Plan Preparation Guidance. Because the Nevada County Planning Area is subject to many kinds of hazards, access to these programs is vital. Information in this plan will be used to help guide and coordinate mitigation activities and decisions for local land use policy in the future. Proactive mitigation planning will help reduce the cost of disaster response and recovery to communities and their residents by protecting critical community facilities, reducing liability exposure, and minimizing overall community impacts and disruptions. The Planning Area has been affected by hazards in the past and is thus committed to reducing future impacts from hazard events and maintaining eligibility for mitigation-related federal funding.

Highlights of new information and analyses contained in this Plan Update includes the following: (Please see the full plan at [www.mynevadacounty.com](http://www.mynevadacounty.com))

- Multiple new hazards were added – including climate change, drought and water shortage, levee failure, extreme heat, extreme cold, snow, and freeze.
- More detailed discussion of vulnerability to the County from agricultural hazards was included.
- Climate change has been addressed as a stand-alone hazard as well as within the hazard profiles of each identified hazard to assist the County in considering climate change issues when identifying future mitigation actions for the Planning Area.
- New dam data provided by Cal OES was used for the Dam inventory and analysis. This data included an updated hazard classification for identified dams.
- The drought hazard was added and included water shortage impacts to the County, to better align with the State of California Hazard Mitigation Plan and to reflect the significant issues related to drought conditions resulting from the current and ongoing drought within the County and State of California.
- More detailed GIS analysis was performed for earthquake, including a Hazus earthquake simulation to show risk to the County from earthquake.
- More detailed GIS analysis was performed for the flooding hazard for both 100- and 500-year floods, including values at risk, critical facilities at risk, population at risk, future development, and general community impacts.
- More detailed GIS analysis was performed for landslides and debris flows, including values at risk, critical facilities at risk, population at risk, future development, and general community impacts.
- An entire rework of the risk assessment for each identified hazard. This included reworking the hazard profile and adding new hazard event occurrences; redoing the entire vulnerability analysis to add items identified below and updating the vulnerability assessment based on more recent hazard data as well as using the most current parcel and assessor data for the existing built environment.
- Utilizing updated critical facility GIS mapping for the Planning Area to provide an updated inventory of critical facilities by jurisdiction and a GIS analysis of critical facilities to mapped hazards.
NCSOS CSSP 2021

- An enhanced vulnerability assessment which added a GIS analysis of updated future development areas in the Planning Area and specific to each of the mapped hazards.
- Incorporation and analysis of the new 2010 Census data was utilized for this LHMP update.
- Also, as required by current FEMA planning guidance, an analysis of each jurisdictions’ ongoing and continued compliance with the NFIP was included in this LHMP Update.

Priority list based on likelihood of occurrence:

a) Urban and wild land fire  
b) Severe weather (heavy rain/thunderstorm/lightning/hailstorm, snow and ice and wind)  
c) Flood  
d) Drought  
e) Dam failure  
f) Landslides  
g) Avalanches  
h) Earthquakes  
i) Volcanoes  
j) Agricultural hazards  
k) Natural Health Hazards such as West Nile Virus  
l) Earth Subsidence (due to mining activities) Mitigation Plan (2011)

A full description of all noted hazards and vulnerabilities is available at www.mynevadacounty.com in the Local Hazards and Mitigation Update Plan of 2017. For school site purposes, this safety plan will focus on the top priorities. Covid-19 continues to be a rapidly evolving situation.

Hazard/Problem Description: Wildfire

California is recognized as one of the most fire-prone and consequently fire-adapted landscapes in the world. The combination of complex terrain, Mediterranean climate, and productive natural plant communities, along with ample natural and aboriginal ignition sources, has created conditions for extensive wildfires. Wildland fire is an ongoing concern for the Nevada County Planning Area. Generally, the fire season extends from early spring through late fall of each year during the hotter, dryer months. Fire conditions arise from a combination of high temperatures, low moisture content in the air and fuel, an accumulation of vegetation, and high winds.

Potential losses from wildfire include human life, structures and other improvements, natural and cultural resources, quality and quantity of water supplies, cropland, timber, and recreational opportunities. Significant economic losses can also result. Smoke and air pollution from wildfires can be a severe health hazard. In addition, catastrophic wildfire can create favorable conditions for other hazards such as flooding, landslides, and erosion during the rainy season.

Wildland Urban Interface
Throughout California, communities are increasingly concerned about wildfire safety as increased development in the foothills and mountain areas and subsequent fire control practices have affected the natural cycle of the ecosystem. While wildfire risk is predominantly associated with wildland urban interface (WUI) areas, significant wildfires can also occur in heavily populated areas. The wildland urban interface is a general term that applies to development adjacent to landscapes that support wildland fire. The WUI defines the community development into the foothills and mountainous areas of California. The WUI describes those communities that are mixed in with grass, brush and timbered covered lands (wildland). These are areas where wildland fire once burned only vegetation but now burns homes as well. The WUI for Nevada County is shown in Figure 4-59. The WUI for Nevada County consists of communities at risk (shown in Table 4-83 in Section 4.2.17 Hazard/Mitigation Plan) as well as the area around the communities that pose a fire threat.

There are two types of WUI environments. The first is the true urban interface where development abruptly meets wildland. The second WUI environment is referred to as the wildland urban intermix. Wildland urban intermix communities are rural, low density communities where homes are intermixed in wildland areas. Wildland urban intermix communities are difficult to defend because they are sprawling communities over a large geographical area with wild fuels throughout. This profile makes access, structure protection, and fire control difficult as fire can freely run through the community.

WUI fires are the most damaging. WUI fires occur where the natural and urban development intersect. Even relatively small acreage fires may result in disastrous damages. WUI fires occur where the natural forested landscape and urban-built environment meet or intermix. The damages are primarily reported as damage to infrastructure, built environment, loss of socio-economic values and injuries to people.

The pattern of increased damages is directly related to increased urban spread into historical forested areas that have wildfire as part of the natural ecosystem. Many WUI fire areas have long histories of wildland fires that burned only vegetation in the past. However, with new development, a wildland fire following a historical pattern now burns developed areas. WUI fires can occur where there is a distinct boundary between the built and natural areas or where development or infrastructure has encroached or is intermixed in the natural area. WUI fires may include fires that occur in remote areas that have critical infrastructure easements through them, including electrical transmission towers, railroads, water reservoirs, communications relay sites or other infrastructure assets. Human impact on wildland areas has made it much more difficult to protect life and property during a wildland fire. This home construction has created a new fuel load within the wildland and shifted firefighting tactics to life safety and structure protection.
Factors contributing to the wildfire risk in Nevada County include:

➢ Overstocked forests, severely overgrown vegetation, and lack of defensible space around structures;

➢ Excessive vegetation along roadsides and hanging over roads, fire engine access, and evacuation routes;

➢ Drought and overstocked forests with increased beetle infestation or kill in weakened and stressed trees;

➢ Narrow and often one-lane and/or dead-end roads complicating evacuation and emergency response as well as the many subdivisions that have only one means of ingress/egress;

➢ Inadequate or missing street signs on private roads and house address signs; ➢ Nature and frequency of lightning ignitions; and

➢ Increasing population density leading to more ignitions.

Risk Assessment
The HMPC conducted a risk assessment that identified and profiled hazards that pose a risk to the County and participating jurisdictions, assessed the vulnerability of the planning area to these hazards, and examined the existing capabilities to mitigate them.

The County is vulnerable to numerous hazards that are identified, profiled, and analyzed in this plan. Floods, earthquakes, drought, liquefaction, landslides, wildfires, and other severe weather events are among the hazards that can have a significant impact on the County. Table ES-2 details the hazards identified for the County LHMP.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard</th>
<th>Probability of Future Occurrences</th>
<th>Magnitude/Severity</th>
<th>Climate Change Influence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ag Hazards: Severe Weather/Insect Pests</strong></td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Highly Likely</td>
<td>Critical, High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avalanche</td>
<td>Limited</td>
<td>Highly likely</td>
<td>Negligible, Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Climate Change</td>
<td>Extensive</td>
<td>Likely</td>
<td>Critical, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dam Failure</td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Occasional</td>
<td>Catastrophic, High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drought and Water Shortage</td>
<td>Extensive</td>
<td>Likely/Occasional</td>
<td>Critical, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earthquake</td>
<td>Extensive</td>
<td>Unlikely</td>
<td>Critical, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flood: 100/500-year</td>
<td>Extensive</td>
<td>Occasional/Unlikely</td>
<td>Critical, High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flood: Localized/Stormwater</td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Highly Likely</td>
<td>Limited, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous Materials Transportation (interstates, railroad, pipelines)</td>
<td>Limited</td>
<td>Likely</td>
<td>Limited, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landslide, Debris &amp; Mud Flows</td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Likely</td>
<td>Critical, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Levee Failure</td>
<td>Limited</td>
<td>Unlikely</td>
<td>Limited, Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe Weather: Extreme Cold, Snow, and Freeze</td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Highly Likely</td>
<td>Limited, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe Weather: Extreme Heat</td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Likely</td>
<td>Critical, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe Weather: Heavy Rains and Storms (wind/tornado/hail, lightning)</td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Highly Likely</td>
<td>Critical, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subsidence</td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Likely</td>
<td>Negligible, Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volcano</td>
<td>Significant</td>
<td>Unlikely</td>
<td>Limited, Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wildfires (smoke, tree mortality, conflagration)</td>
<td>Extensive</td>
<td>Highly Likely</td>
<td>Catastrophic, High</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Geographic Extent**
- Limited: Less than 10% of planning area
- Significant: 10-50% of planning area
- Extensive: 50-100% of planning area

**Probability of Future Occurrences**
- Highly Likely: Near 100% chance of occurrence in next year, or happens every year.
- Likely: Between 10 and 100% chance of occurrence in next year, or has a recurrence interval of 10 years or less.
- Occasional: Between 1 and 10% chance of occurrence in the next year, or has a recurrence interval of 11 to 100 years.
- Unlikely: Less than 1% chance of occurrence in next 100 years, or has a recurrence interval of greater than every 100 years.

**Magnitude/Severity**
- Catastrophic: More than 50 percent of property severely damaged; shutdown of facilities for more than 30 days; and/or multiple deaths
- Critical: 25-50 percent of property severely damaged; shutdown of facilities for at least two weeks; and/or injuries and/or illnesses result in permanent disability
- Limited: 10-25 percent of property severely damaged; shutdown of facilities for more than a week; and/or injuries/illnesses result in permanent disability
- Negligible: Less than 10 percent of property severely damaged, shutdown of facilities and services for less than 24 hours; and/or injuries/illnesses treatable with first aid

**Significance**
- Low: minimal potential impact
- Medium: moderate potential impact
- High: widespread potential impact

**Climate Change Impact**
- Low: Climate change is not likely to increase the probability of this hazard.
- Medium: Climate change is likely to increase the probability of this hazard.
- High: Climate change is very likely to increase the probability of this hazard.
## Identified High -Priority Hazards

| Urban and Wildfire | “Fire hazards are the most prevalent type of hazard. “Accepting Nevada County’s terrain, climate, rainfall and forest land/urban mix, it is a certainty that significant wild land fires are going to continue as a threat.

Generally, the fire season extends from early spring to late fall. Fire conditions arise from a combination of hot weather, an accumulation of vegetation, and low moisture content in the air. These conditions, when combined with high winds and years of drought, increase the potential for wildfire to occur”.

Arson and or a commercial fire will continue to remain as serious threats to the commercial and business vitality of the county’s town and cities and developed commercial areas. Enforcement of the county and municipal building, hazardous materials and fire codes will greatly mitigate against future losses of this type.

Weather components such as temperature, relative humidity, wind, and lightning also affect the potential for wildfire. High temperatures and low relative humidity dry out the fuels that feed the wildfire creating a situation where fuel will more readily ignite and burn more intensely. Wind is the most treacherous weather factor. The greater a wind, the faster a fire will spread, and the more intense it will be.

Winds can be significant at times in Nevada County. North winds in Nevada County are especially conducive to hot, dry conditions, which can lead to "red flag" days indicating extreme fire danger. Winds coming from the southeast have also been noted as a concern in the western third of the County. In addition to wind speed, wind shifts can occur suddenly due to temperature changes or the interaction of wind with topographical features such as slopes or steep hillsides. Lightning also ignites wildfires, often in difficult-to-reach terrain for firefighters. |
| Severe Weather | Rain, snow, lightning and high winds are likely to continue as one of the natural threats to Nevada County. Transportation for students is one of the main concerns relating to severe storms. The Nevada County Office of Emergency Services, Cal Trans, Nevada County Superintendent of Schools, local school districts, and the California Highway Patrol work together to determine school closures as needed. |
### Flood

Floods are a natural feature of the climate, topography, and hydrology of NCSOS and its surrounding areas. Flooding predominates throughout the winter and early spring due to melting snow, breakaway ice, and rainy weather.

As identified in the Nevada County General Plan (1996); “Areas within Nevada County subject to 100-year and 500-year flooding are as follows: Deer Creek west from Scott's Flat Reservoir through Nevada City towards Lake Wildwood; two tributaries bordering Alta Sierra and Highway 49 to the east and west; along Bear River to Rollins Reservoir; Little Greenhorn Creek; Greenhorn Creek; Deep Hollow Creek; the South Yuba River; the entire extent of the Truckee River through eastern Nevada County; and tributaries that run south into Prosser Creek Reservoir, Boca Reservoir, and Martis Creek Reservoir. Shorter stretches are located south of Nevada City; along Highway 20 near Penn Valley; and in the northwest area of the county. The flood hazard areas are generally confined to the areas adjacent to the County's local rivers and streams.” Grass Valley identified the following flood hazards in its 2020 General Plan Update as follows: “As indicated by Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM), the City of Grass Valley and the General Plan Planning Area are relatively well drained. The 100-year flood designations are generally confined to narrow bands along local drainages. Few transportation corridors are susceptible to flooding in a 100-year flood event. Idaho-Maryland Road east of SR 49/20 and South Auburn Street south of Whiting Street will be flooded during a 100-year flood.” Some backyard flooding has occurred along Mill Street as it abuts Wolf Creek. “To the extent culverts and storm drains are not maintained, other localized flooding could occur. Structures located in the flood hazard areas would be subject to flooding in a 100-year flood event unless special mitigation is employed” (Nevada County EOP, p. 42).

### Hazardous Materials

“Hazardous materials incidents may occur anywhere and at any time in Nevada County. The potential for a hazardous materials incident in Nevada County depends on the volume, distribution, and/or use of chemicals and other hazardous substances in a particular area. An assessment of the known hazardous material threats within Nevada County has been developed. In general, the likelihood of a hazardous materials incident is greatest in the following areas:

Highways, railways, and commercial and military aviation routes constitute a major threat because of the multitude of chemicals and hazardous substances transported along them. Interstate 80 and State Routes 20, 49, 89, 174, and 267 are areas of concern, as are the Union Pacific railroad tracks, which roughly parallel I-80. In addition, the underground pipelines which provide natural gas to various parts of Nevada County and the Underground Hydrocarbon pipeline, which runs adjacent to the Union Pacific railway tracks.
| Earthquake | The western half of Nevada County is in the lowest Earthquake Shaking Potential for California. It is likely that the region will be impacted by future seismic activity and with the exception of the far eastern edge of the County; the magnitude of the incident is not likely to be severe.

Lake of the Pines is the primary community developed in the 8-10% peak ground acceleration zone of Nevada County. Developed primarily since the 1960's, Lake of the Pines would not be expected to suffer significant damage during a normal earthquake event for this area.

Grass Valley, Nevada City, Penn Valley, Cedar Ridge, Lake Wildwood, Rough and Ready, and North San Juan are the communities primarily in the 10-15% peak ground acceleration zone. Of these communities, Grass Valley, North San Juan, Rough and Ready and Nevada City are those, which have structures of unreinforced masonry buildings in their older neighborhoods and commercial districts. While possible, it is not expected that normal seismic activity in this area would result in significant damage. (Mitigation Plan 2011, p.28). |
| Human Health Hazards | “The impact to human health that wildlife, and more notably, insects, can have upon an area is substantial. The feared avian flu pandemic initially predicted in 2006 and again in later years would be expected to have serious consequences to human health and economics worldwide. Nevada County due to its relatively dispersed population may be impacted differently than the states' major urban areas and their compacted human population.  

**West Nile Virus**

Nevada County recognizes the potential for WNV to occur within the County and has initiated a public outreach campaign and a limited control program. The Nevada West Nile Virus task force has managed the risk of WNV through focused efforts at reducing the mosquito population and educating the public.

**Pandemic Flu**

Every few decades an influenza outbreak occurs with a virus that is particularly virulent and contagious resulting in national or even international concerns for human health and welfare. The influenza virus is particularly dangerous to the very young and old, people with a suppressed immune response or have a susceptibility to respiratory...
disease from a pre-existing condition(s). NCSOS is working closely with Nevada County Public Health Department in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. (See Pandemic Plan in Appendix)

Key improvements to Nevada County’s infrastructure and communication channels have been deemed confidential however the results of these efforts can be seen in improved epidemiological surveillance capabilities, more efficacious responses to anomalies and aberrations in both the healthcare and educational systems, and improved communication between public entities, with healthcare providers, and to the public at large” (Mitigation Plan 2011, p.34)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Intruder</th>
<th>While a hostile intruder incident has never occurred at the NCSOS offices or school site, like any educational institution, it is vulnerable to intruders.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Terrorism</td>
<td>NCSOS and other public institutions are vulnerable to terrorist activity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Vulnerabilities

| Fire | The County's single largest risk for human life and financial loss is fire. Wildland fires and, in particular, fires that impinge on the wildland urban interface have cost County residents the most financially and in loss of life. The combined efforts of all involved parties maintain a tapestry of vigilance, preventative efforts and rapid response to the wild land fires threat. Residential developments in wild land areas and limited forestland management resources have created and will perpetuate an environment of dense fuel reserves with seasonal wild land fire risk to the County's residents and their improvements. Our best strategy to date has been to thin fuel sources at wild land urban interfaces, educate residents, and provide a rapid response to wildland fires when they start. Potential emergency power shut (Public Safety Power Shut-Off – PSPS) off by Pacific Gas and Electric are in place for high fire danger days. |
| Severe Weather | Severe weather across the County routinely leads to regional power outages, isolation of vulnerable regions (single access road closures), and white-out conditions on roadways. Deep snow, strong winds and severe cold have also created unsafe living conditions for vulnerable members of our community. The County recognizes these risks and supports a number of education and outreach programs targeted and reducing the continuing risks of severe weather across the County. |
| Dam Break | An identified vulnerability would be a collapse of Upper Scotts Flat Dam, which would immediately overflow Lower Scotts Flat Dam. Approximately 25% of Nevada City and 65% of the downtown historic district would be submerged in such a failure” (Mitigation Plan 2011, p19). |
| HazMat | “The intersection of State Highway 49 and State Highway 20 is of particular concern for hazmat incidents. State Highway 20 is an alternate route when Interstate 80 is otherwise closed. State Highway 49 is the primary access highway for western Sierra County. Increasing population and commerce will invariably result in increasing shipment of hazardous materials on these two significant local routes. The County's single largest risk for human life and financial loss is fire. Wild land fires and, in particular, fires that impinge on the wildland urban interface have cost County residents the most financially and in loss of life. The combined efforts of all involved parties maintain a tapestry of vigilance, preventative efforts and rapid response to the wild land fires threat. Residential developments in wild land areas and limited forestland management resources have created and will perpetuate an environment of dense fuel reserves with seasonal wild land fire risk to the County's residents and their improvements. Our best strategy to date has been to thin fuel sources at wild land urban interfaces, educate residents, and provide a rapid response to wildland fires when they start. |
Preparedness, Prevention, and Mitigation Overview

Preparedness is achieved and maintained through a continuous cycle of planning, organizing, training, equipping, exercising, evaluating, and taking corrective action. Ongoing preparedness efforts require coordination among all those involved in emergency management and incident response activities. NCSOS fosters preparedness at all levels and serves as a resource to the school districts in Nevada County. Examples of preparedness actions include: maintaining this plan, providing a Comprehensive School Safety Plan compliance checklist for school sites to use as a guideline to develop their site-specific plan and incident-specific plans; conducting training, planning and implementation of drills and exercises. NCSOS’s Director of School Safety maintains a cooperative and collaborative relationship with local law enforcement, fire, and emergency medical services. Monthly Community Agencies United for Safe Schools and Safe Streets (CAUSSSS) meetings are facilitated by NCSOS Director of School Safety for open discussion, communication and collaboration with school administrators, local first responders and agencies.

Prevention includes actions to avoid an incident or to intervene to stop an incident from occurring. NCSOS is committed to taking proactive prevention measures whenever possible to protect the safety and security of staff, students, and visitors. Our policies include zero tolerance for bullying and other actions that undermine the safe haven of our schools.

Mitigation includes activities to reduce the loss of life and property from natural and/or human-caused disasters by avoiding or lessening the impact of a disaster and providing value to the public by creating safer communities. NCSOS has worked to reduce or eliminate the adverse effects of natural, technological, and human-caused hazards on people and property. Compliance with requirements for defensible space is completed on each school campus. Ingress/Egress plans are in place at each site to ensure the safety of staff, students, and visitors.

For example, of the many hazards that can endanger a school facility and its service to the community, the most prevalent is fire. NCSOS and the schools that fall under its jurisdiction were built in accordance with State building codes, in the form of approved materials, fire-resistant assemblies, exiting requirements, the width and design of stairs, the dimensions of corridors, fire suppression systems, and many other standards. Regular fire inspections and recommendations are conducted at NCSOS by the Nevada County Consolidated Fire Marshall. Fire drills, in compliance with the California education code, are conducted at school sites utilizing evacuation routes and practiced with staff and students. Visits to school sites are conducted annually, by the Director of School Safety and representatives from local fire services, to discuss wildfire preparedness and protocol.
D. Planning Assumptions and Limitations

1. Planning Assumptions

Stating the planning assumptions allows NCSOS to deviate from the plan if certain assumptions prove not to be true during operations. The School Safety Plan assumes:

- The community will continue to be exposed and subject to hazards and incidents described in the Hazard Analysis Summary, as well as lesser hazards and others that may develop in the future.
- A major disaster could occur at any time, and at any place. In many cases, dissemination of warning to the public and implementation of increased readiness measures may be possible; however, some emergency situations occur with little or no warning. Code Red serves as the county emergency notification system. Education is in place to inform community members of process for registration. Drills using the system occur during the school year to encompass that population group (students and staff).
- A single site incident (e.g., fire, gas main breakage) could occur at any time without warning and the employees of NCSOS affected cannot, and should not, wait for direction from local response agencies. Action is required immediately to save lives and protect school property.
- Following a major or catastrophic incident, the offices may have to rely on its own resources to be self-sustaining for up to 72 hours. Education and trainings are conducted throughout the school year on disaster preparedness including Go-Bags.
- There may be a number of injuries of varying degrees of seriousness to students, staff, and visitors. Rapid and appropriate response will reduce the number and severity of injuries. There are staff members on each site and high school students (on the high school campuses) that are trained in CPR, First Aid and Community Emergency Response Team (CERT).
- Outside assistance from local fire, law enforcement, and emergency managers will be available in most serious incidents. Because it takes time to request and dispatch external assistance, it is essential for the staff to be prepared to carry out the initial incident response until responders arrive at the incident scene. Annual training is conducted to provide compliance in CPR, Stop the Bleed and First Aid.
- Proper prevention and mitigation actions, such as creating a positive office environment, Continuity of Operations plans, fire inspections and drills will prevent or reduce incident-related losses.
- Maintaining the School Safety Plan and providing frequent opportunities for stakeholders (staff, students, board members, first responders, etc.) to exercise the plan can improve NCSOS readiness to respond to incidents.
- A spirit of volunteerism among employees will result in their willingness to provide assistance and support to incident management efforts. School staff recognize their role as Disaster Service Workers.
2. Limitations

It is the policy of NCSOS that no guarantee is implied by this plan of a perfect incident management system. As personnel and resources may be overwhelmed, NCSOS can only endeavor to make every reasonable effort to manage the situation, with the resources and information available at the time.

II. CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

This plan is based upon the concept that the incident management functions that must be performed by the office and school site staff generally parallel some of their routine day-to-day functions. To the extent possible, the same personnel and material resources used for day-to-day activities will be employed during incidents. Because personnel and equipment resources are limited, some routine functions that do not contribute directly to the incident may be suspended. The personnel, equipment, and supplies that would typically be required for those routine functions will be redirected to accomplish assigned incident management tasks.

A. National Incident Management System (NIMS)

The National Incident Management System (NIMS) is a set of principles that provides a systematic, proactive approach guiding government agencies at all levels, nongovernmental organizations, and the private sector to work seamlessly to prevent, protect against, respond to, recover from, and mitigate the effects of incidents, regardless of cause, size, location, or complexity, in order to reduce the loss of life or property and harm to the environment. This system ensures that those involved in incident response/recovery understand what their roles are and have the tools they need to be effective.

According to Homeland Security Presidential Directive 5 and the U.S. Department of Education, school districts are among local agencies that must adopt NIMS if they receive Federal grant funds. As part of its NIMS implementation, NCSOS participates in the local government’s NIMS preparedness program and believes it is essential to ensure that response/recovery services are delivered to schools in a timely and effective manner.

NCSOS recognizes that staff will be first responders during an incident. Adopting NIMS enables staff and students to respond more effectively to an incident and enhances cooperation, coordination, and communication among school officials, first responders, and emergency managers. NCSOS works with local government agencies to remain NIMS compliant.

NIMS compliance for school districts includes completing the following:

- Adopt the use of the Incident Command System (ICS). ICS-100 is a Web-based course available free from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Emergency Management Institute. NCSOS will make every effort to promote ICS 100 training on school sites.
• Complete NIMS awareness course IS-700 NIMS: An Introduction. IS-700 is a Web-based course available free from the Emergency Management Institute. NCSOS will make every effort to promote IS-700 training on school sites.
• Participate in local government’s NIMS preparedness program and incorporate the school plan into the community EOP.
• Train and exercise the plan. All staff and students are expected to participate in training and exercising the plan’s procedures and hazard-specific incident plans. School sites are charged with ensuring that the training and equipment necessary for an appropriate response/recovery operation are in place.

B. Implementation of the Incident Command System (ICS)

In a major emergency or disaster, NCSOS offices may be damaged or need to be evacuated, people may be injured, and/or other incident management activities may need to be initiated. These activities must be organized and coordinated to ensure efficient incident management. The Incident Command System (ICS) will be used to manage all incidents and major planned events.

The Incident Commander at NCSOS offices and school sites will be delegated the authority to direct all incident activities until command is passed to appropriate local law enforcement or fire service personnel. The Incident Commander will establish an incident command post (ICP) and provide an assessment of the situation to the District and County Superintendent or other designated officials, identify incident management resources required, and direct the on-scene incident management activities from the ICP. If no Incident Commander is present at the onset of the incident, the most qualified individual will assume command until relieved by a qualified Incident Commander or local law enforcement or fire service personnel.

C. Initial Response

Support personnel and teachers are usually first on the scene of an incident. As Disaster Service Workers, staff members are expected to take charge and manage the incident until it is resolved or command is transferred to someone more qualified and/or to an emergency responder agency with legal authority to assume responsibility. Staff will seek guidance and direction from local officials and seek technical assistance from State and Federal agencies and industry where appropriate.

The County Superintendent, School Site Administrator or his/her designee is responsible for activating the School Safety Plan, including common and specialized procedures as well as hazard-specific incident plans found in annexes. The county Superintendent, School Site Administrator or designee will assign an Incident Commander based who is most qualified for that type of incident. School sites will incorporate the ICS protocol and follow site specific plans. The Incident Commander will report situation status to the County Superintendent and/or Associate Superintendent and will transfer command to local law enforcement or fire service personnel as appropriate.
III. ORGANIZATION AND ASSIGNMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES

This section establishes the operational organization that will be relied on to manage the incident and includes:

- A list of the kinds of tasks to be performed by position and organization
- An overview of who does what

The Superintendent, Associate Superintendent, and school Principals are not able to manage all the aspects associated with an incident without assistance. The office and school site Administrators rely on other personnel to perform tasks that will ensure the safety of students and staff during a crisis or critical incident. The Incident Command System (ICS) uses a team approach to manage incidents. All school sites follow their site specific/incident specific appendix to the comprehensive school safety plan.

Staff may be required to remain at school to assist in an incident. In the event that this School Safety Plan is activated, staff will be assigned to serve within the Incident Command System based on their expertise and training and the needs of the incident.

A. Superintendent of Schools

The Superintendent of Schools may serve as the Incident Commander or delegate that authority to a qualified individual. At all times, the Superintendent of Schools still retains the overall responsibility for the safety of staff and students on school sites within the NCSOS jurisdiction. However, delegating the authority to manage the incident allows the County Superintendent to focus on policy-level activities and interfacing with other agencies, staff, and parents. Command of an incident is transferred to local law enforcement or fire service personnel as appropriate.

Incident Commander

The Incident Commander responsibilities include:

- Assume overall direction of all incident management procedures based on actions and procedures outlined in this Comprehensive School Safety Plan.
- Take steps deemed necessary to ensure the safety of students, staff, and other individuals.
- Determine whether to implement incident management protocols (e.g., Evacuation, Reverse Evacuation, Shelter in Place, Lockdown, etc.), as described more fully in the functional annexes in this document.
- Arrange for transfer of students, staff, and other individuals when safety is threatened by a disaster.
- Work with emergency services personnel. (Depending on the incident, community agencies such as law enforcement or fire department may have jurisdiction for investigations, rescue procedures, etc.)
B. Teachers on school sites

On any NCSOS school site, teachers and support staff shall be responsible for the supervision of students and shall remain with students until directed otherwise. Responsibilities include:

- Supervise students under their charge.
- Take steps to ensure the safety of students, staff, and other individuals in the implementation of incident management protocols.
- Direct students in their charge to inside or outside assembly areas, in accordance with signals, warning, written notification, or intercom orders according to established incident management procedures.
- Give appropriate action command during an incident.
- Take attendance when class relocates to an outside or inside assembly area or evacuates to another location.
- Report missing students to the Incident Commander or designee.
- Execute assignments as directed by the Incident Commander or ICS supervisor.
- Obtain first aid services for injured students from the school nurse or person trained in first aid. Arrange for first aid for those unable to be moved.
- Render first aid if necessary. School staff will be encouraged to be trained and certified in first aid and CPR. NCSOS offers regular CPR training, a calendar of training dates can be found on the NCSOS website.

C. Instructional Assistants on school sites

Responsibilities include assisting teachers as directed.

D. Counselors, Social Workers, and Psychologists on School Sites

Counselors, social workers, and psychologists provide assistance with the overall direction of the incident management procedures at the site. Responsibilities may include:

- Take steps to ensure the safety of students, staff, and other individuals in the implementation of incident management protocols.
- Direct students in their charge according to established incident management protocols.
- Render first aid if necessary.
- Assist in the transfer of students, staff, and other individuals when their safety is threatened by a disaster.
- Execute assignments as directed by the Incident Commander or ICS supervisor.

E. County Health Coordinator/Health Assistants

Responsibilities include:
- Administer first aid or emergency treatment as needed.
• Supervise administration of first aid by those trained to provide it.
• Organize first aid and medical supplies

F. Custodians/Maintenance Personnel

Responsibilities include:
• Survey and report building damage to the Incident Commander or Operations Section Chief.
• Control main shutoff valves for gas, water, and electricity and ensure that no hazard results from broken or downed lines.
• Provide damage control as needed.
• Assist in the conservation, use, and disbursement of supplies and equipment.
• Keep Incident Commander or designee informed of condition of school

G. Office Staff on school sites

Responsibilities include:
• Answer phones and assist in receiving and providing consistent information to callers. Follow template provided by Public Information Officer (PIO).
• Provide for the safety of essential documents.
• Execute assignments as directed by the Incident Commander or ICS supervisor.
• Provide assistance to the Superintendent and Policy/Coordination Group.
• Monitor radio emergency broadcasts.
• Assist with health incidents as needed, acting as messengers, etc.
• Document date, time, incident, and response information.

H. Visitors at NCSOS or school sites

Responsibilities include:
• Encourage and support school safety, violence prevention, and incident preparedness programs within the school.
• Participate in volunteer service projects for promoting school incident preparedness.
• Provide the school with requested information concerning the incident, early and late dismissals, and other related release information.
• Practice incident management preparedness in the home to reinforce school training and ensure family safety.
• Understanding their roles during a school emergency.

IV. DIRECTION, CONTROL, AND COORDINATION

A. School Incident Command System (ICS)

To provide for the effective direction, control, and coordination of an incident, either single-site or multi-incidents, the School Safety Plan will be activated including the implementation of the Incident Command System (ICS).
The Incident Commander is delegated the authority to direct tactical on-scene operations until a coordinated incident management framework can be established with local authorities. The Policy Group is responsible for providing the Incident Commander with strategic guidance, information analysis, and needed resources.

Incident Management Team

- **Policy Group**
  - NCSOS School Board of Directors
  - Provides strategic guidance and resource support.

- **Incident Commander**
  - Scott Lay
  - Site Administrator or designee
  - Establishes incident objectives and directs all response actions

- **Operations Section**
  - Chris Espedal
  - Regina Reno
  - Implements all response/tactical actions to achieve the incident objectives.

- **Planning Section**
  - Scott Lay
  - Teena Corker
  - Darlene Waddle

- **Logistics Section**
  - Maintenance Team
  - Eric Nielsen
  - Activated, only as needed, to support the incident response directed by the Operations Section.

- **Finance/Administration Section**
  - Darlene Waddle
  - Associate Sup of Business
The ICS is organized into the following functional areas:

1. Incident Command: Directs the incident management activities using strategic guidance provided by the Policy Group.

Office/School-related responsibilities and duties include:
- Establish and manage the Command Post, establish the incident organization, and determine strategies to implement protocols and adapt as needed.
- Monitor incident safety conditions and develop measures for ensuring the safety of building occupants (including students, staff, volunteers, and responders).
- Coordinate media relations and information dissemination with the principal.
- Develop working knowledge of local/regional agencies; serve as the primary on-scene contact for outside agencies assigned to an incident, and assist in accessing services when the need arises.
- Document all activities.

2. Operations Section: Directs all tactical operations of an incident including implementation of response/recovery activities according to established incident management procedures and protocols, care of students, first aid, crisis intervention, search and rescue, site security, damage assessment, evacuations, and the release of students to parents.

Specific responsibilities include:
- Analyze staffing to develop a Parent-Student Reunification Plan, and implement an incident action plan for school sites affected by incident.
- Monitor site utilities (i.e., electric, gas, water, heat/ventilation/air conditioning) and shut off only if danger exists or directed by Incident Commander, and assist in securing facility.
- Establish medical triage with staff trained in first aid and CPR, provide and oversee care given to injured persons, distribute supplies, and request additional supplies from the Logistics Section.
- Provide and access psychological first aid services for those in need, and access local/regional providers for ongoing crisis counseling for students, staff, and parents.
- Coordinate the rationed distribution of food and water, establish secondary toilet facilities in the event of water or plumbing failure, and request needed supplies from the Logistics Section.
- Document all activities.
In the event that systems are overwhelmed and staff is needed to assist, additional teams may be activated. As needed, the types of Strike Teams described in the following table may be established within the Operations Section. **NCSOS staff may be assigned to specific sites to assist in operations.**

### Operations Section Teams

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strike Team</th>
<th>Potential Responsibilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Search & Rescue Team   | Search & Rescue Teams search the entire school facility, entering only after they have checked the outside for signs of structural damage and determined that it is safe to enter. Search & Rescue Teams are responsible for ensuring that all students and staff evacuate the building (or, if it is unsafe to move the persons, that their locations are documented so that professional responders can locate them easily and extricate them). Search and Rescue Teams are also responsible for:   
  - Identifying and marking unsafe areas.  
  - Conducting initial damage assessment.  
  - Obtaining injury and missing student reports from teachers.                                                                                   |
| First Aid Team         | First Aid Teams provide triage, treatment, and psychological first aid services. First Aid Teams are responsible for:   
  - Setting up first aid area for students.  
  - Assessing and treating injuries.  
  - Completing master injury report.  

  **Note:** The Logistics Section provides care to responders (if needed). The Operations Section First Aid Team is dedicated to students or other disaster victims. |
| Evacuation/Shelter/Care Team | Evacuation, shelter, and student care in an incident are among the most important tasks faced by schools. These tasks include student accounting, protection from weather, providing for sanitation needs, and providing for food and water. The Evacuation/Shelter/Care Team is responsible for:   
  - Accounting for the whereabouts of all students, staff, and volunteers.  
  - Setting up a secure assembly area.  
  - Managing sheltering and sanitation operations.  
  - Managing student feeding and hydration.  
  - Coordinating with the Student Release Team.  
  - Coordinating with the Logistics Section to secure the needed space and supplies.                                                                                           |
### Facility & Security Response Team

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Facility &amp; Security Response Team is responsible for:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Locating all utilities and turning them off, if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Securing and isolating fire/HazMat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Assessing and notifying officials of fire/HazMat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Conducting perimeter control.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Strike Team

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potential Responsibilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Crisis Intervention Team

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Crisis Intervention Team is responsible for:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Assessing need for onsite mental health support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Determining need for outside agency assistance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Providing onsite intervention/counseling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Monitoring well-being of school Incident Management Team, staff, and students, and reporting all findings to the Operations Section Chief.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Student Release Team

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reunification refers to getting students reunited with their parents or guardians in an efficient and orderly manner. Reunification can be an enormous challenge and takes a lot of planning. The Student Release Team is responsible for:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Setting up secure reunion area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Checking student emergency cards for authorized releases.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Completing release logs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Coordinating with the Public Information Officer on external messages.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Planning Section: Collects, evaluates, and disseminates information needed to measure the size, scope, and seriousness of an incident and to plan appropriate incident management activities.

**Duties may include:**

- Assist Incident Commander in the collection and evaluation of information about an incident as it develops (including site map and area map of related events), assist with ongoing planning efforts, and maintain incident time log.
- Document all activities.

4. Logistics Section: Supports incident management operations by securing and providing needed personnel, equipment, facilities, resources, and services required for incident resolution; coordinating personnel; assembling and deploying volunteer teams; and facilitating communication among incident responders. This function may involve a major role in an extended incident.

**Additional responsibilities include:**

- Establish and oversee communications center and activities during an incident (two-way radio, battery-powered radio, written updates, etc.), and develop telephone tree for after-hours communication.
NCSOS CSSP 2021

- Establish and maintain school and classroom preparedness kits, coordinate access to and distribution of supplies during an incident, and monitor inventory of supplies and equipment.
- Document all activities.

5. Finance/Administration Section: Oversees all financial activities including purchasing necessary materials, tracking incident costs, arranging contracts for services, timekeeping for staff, submitting documentation for reimbursement at local, state and federal level, and recovering school records following an incident.

Additional duties may include:
- Assume responsibility for overall documentation and recordkeeping activities; when possible, photograph or videotape damage to property.
- Develop a system to monitor and track expenses and financial losses, and secure all records.

This section may not be established onsite at the incident. Rather, NCSOS Business offices may assume responsibility for these functions.

B. Coordination with Policy/Coordination Group

In complex incidents, a Policy/Coordination Group will be convened at the NCSOS offices or designated location. The role of the Policy/Coordination Group is to:
- Support the on-scene Incident Commander.
- Provide policy and strategic guidance.
- Help ensure that adequate resources are available.
- Identify and resolve issues common to all organizations.
- Keep elected officials and other executives informed of the situation and decisions.
- Provide factual information, both internally and externally through the Joint Information Center.

1. Community Emergency Operations Plan (EOP)

NCSOS maintains a site-specific Comprehensive School Safety Plan Annex to address hazards and incidents. Direction in large-scale events is in cooperation with Nevada County Office of Emergency Services, local law enforcement, emergency medical services and fire services personnel.

2. Coordination with First Responders

An important component of the NCSOS Comprehensive School Safety Plan is a set of interagency agreements with various county agencies to aid timely communication. These agreements help coordinate services between the agencies.
NCSOS CSSP 2021

and NCSOS. Regular communication, collaboration, drills, and exercises maintain an active working relationship.

Various agencies and services include county governmental agencies such as public health, mental health, behavioral health, law enforcement and fire departments. The agreements specify the type of communication and services provided by one agency to another. The agreements also make school personnel available beyond the school setting if an incident or traumatic event is taking place in the community. School staff fall under the role of Disaster Services Workers (DSW) and can be activated as needed by Nevada County Office of Emergency Services. If a school incident is within the authorities of the first-responder community, command will be transferred upon the arrival of qualified first responders. A transfer of command briefing shall occur. NCSOS Incident Commander may be integrated into the Incident Command structure or assume a role within a Unified Command structure.

C. Source and Use of Resources

NCSOS will use their own site and/or school resources and equipment to respond to incidents until incident response personnel arrive.

V. COMMUNICATIONS

Communication is a critical part of incident management. This section outlines NCSOS communications plan and supports its mission to provide clear, effective internal and external communication between the school, staff, students, parents, responders, and media.

A. Internal Communications

1. Communication Between Staff

Staff will be notified when an incident occurs and kept informed as additional information becomes available and as plans for management of the situation evolve. The following practices will be utilized to disseminate information internally when appropriate:

- Telephone Tree: A telephone tree is a simple, widely used system for notifying staff of an incident when they are not at the office. The tree originates with the superintendent, director or principal, who contacts the members of the staff.
- E-messenger/School Messenger is a phone system available to make all calls to programmed staff, schools, and parents.
- Text messages may be sent to cell phones; as well all call may be sent to cell phone numbers.
- Emails may be sent to staff as an effective communication tool.
NCSOS CSSP 2021

- NCSOS has registered and can activate Government Emergency Telecommunication Systems (GETS) and Wireless Priority Service (WPS) for specified employees

2. Communication with specific school sites
- Site specific staff will communicate with the Superintendent of Schools office who will notify others as appropriate. Forms of communication may include:
  - Hard-line phone communication to NCSOS and school sites
  - Cell phone call directly to Superintendent/Associate Superintendent/Principals or Directors
  - Email
  - Fax

B. External Communications

Communicating with the larger school community begins before an incident occurs. In the event of an incident, parents, media, and first responders will require clear and concise messages from Nevada County Superintendent of Schools and school sites about the incident, what is being done about it, and the safety of the children and staff.

1. Communication with Parents

Before an incident occurs, NCSOS will:
- Develop a relationship with school site administrators so that they trust and know how to access alerts and incident information.
- Be prepared with translation services for non-English-speaking families and students with limited English proficiency.
- Inform the community of the school site relationships with NCSOS.

In the event of an incident:

- NCSOS has registered and can activate Government Emergency Telecommunication Systems (GETS) and Wireless Priority Service (WPS) for specified employees.
- Disseminate information via automated phone calls, radio announcements, television, and emails to inform parents, staff and the NCSOS board about exactly what is known to have happened at specific school sites.
- Implement the plan to manage phone calls and parents who arrive at school or at school site as requested.
- Describe how the school, district, and county offices are handling the situation.
- Provide information regarding possible reactions of their children and ways to talk with them.
- Provide a phone number, Web site address, or recorded hotline where parents can receive updated incident information.
- Inform parents and students when and where school will resume.
After an incident, NCSOS and/or designee will schedule and attend an open question-and-answer meeting for parents as soon as possible.

2. Communication with the Media

In the event of an incident, the Incident Commander will:
- Designate a Public Information Officer.
- Establish an off-campus briefing area for media representatives.
- Determine the need to establish or participate in a Joint Information Center.
- Coordinate messages with the school site principal and Policy Group.

All NCSOS employees are to refer all requests for information and questions to the designated spokesperson or Joint Information Center (if established). Media contacts at the major television, Internet, and radio stations are maintained by the NCSOS administrative assistant. In the case of an incident, these media contacts will broadcast NCSOS external communications plans, including the information hotline for parents and guardians.

3. Handling Rumors

In addressing rumors, the most effective strategy is to provide facts as soon as possible. To combat rumors, NCSOS will:

- Provide appropriate information to internal groups including administrators, teachers, students, custodians, and secretaries. These people are primary sources of information and are likely to be contacted in their neighborhoods, at grocery stores, etc.
- Hold a staff meeting before staff members are allowed to go home so that what is (and is not) known can be clearly communicated.
- Designate and brief personnel answering calls to help control misinformation.
- Conduct briefings for community representatives directly associated with the school.
- Enlist the help of the media to provide frequent updates to the public, particularly providing accurate information where rumors need to be dispelled.

After the immediate incident response period, NCSOS will conduct public meetings as needed. These meeting are designed to provide the opportunity for people to ask questions and receive accurate information.

4. Communication With First Responders

The Incident Commander will maintain communication with first responders during an incident. Transfer of command will occur when first responders arrive on the scene to assume management of the incident under their jurisdiction. NCSOS frequently reviews the School Safety Plan with first responders to practice effective coordination and transfer of command.
5. Communication After an Incident (Recovery Process)

After the safety and status of staff and students have been assured, and emergency conditions have abated following an incident, staff/faculty will assemble to support the restoration of the school's educational programs. Defining mission-critical operations and staffing will be a starting point for the recovery process. Collecting and disseminating information will facilitate the recovery process.

The staff/school site teams will:
- Conduct a comprehensive assessment of the physical and operational recovery needs. Assess physical security, data access, and all other critical services (e.g., plumbing, electrical).
- Examine critical information technology assets and personnel resources, and determine the impact on the school operations for each asset and resource that is unavailable or damaged.
- Document damaged facilities, lost equipment and resources, and special personnel expenses that will be required for insurance claims and requests for State and Federal assistance.
- Provide detailed facilities data to the site-specific District Offices so that it can estimate temporary space reallocation needs and strategies. NCSOS will serve as a resource to assist with any needs.
- Arrange for ongoing status reports during the recovery activities to: a) estimate when the educational program can be fully operational; and b) identify special facility, equipment, and personnel issues or resources that will facilitate the resumption of classes.
- Educate school personnel, students, and parents on available crisis counseling services.
- School sites will advise the District and County Office of recovery status.

School sites will:
- Identify recordkeeping requirements and sources of financial aid for State and Federal disaster assistance.
- Establish absentee policies for staff/teachers/students after an incident.
- Establish an agreement with mental health organizations to provide counseling to students and their families after an incident.
- Develop alternative teaching methods for students unable to return immediately to classes: correspondence classes, videoconferencing, tele-group tutoring, etc.
- Create a plan for conducting classes when facilities are damaged (e.g., alternative sites, half-day sessions, portable classrooms).
- Get stakeholder input on prevention and mitigation measures that can be incorporated into short-term and long-term recovery plans.
B. Communication Tools

Some common internal and external communication tools that NCSOS may use include the following:

- NCSOS has registered and can activate Government Emergency Telecommunication Systems (GETS) and Wireless Priority Service (WPS) for specified employees
- Standard telephone - landline
- Cellular telephones: These phones may be the only tool working when electric service is out; they are useful to faculty/staff en route to or from a site. The use of text messaging is the most effective form of communication when systems are overwhelmed.
- Intercom systems: The intercom system includes teacher-initiated communication with the office using a handset rather than a wall-mounted speaker.
- Bullhorns and megaphones: A battery-powered bullhorn is part of the school’s emergency to-go kit to address students and staff who are assembling outside the school. Procedures governing storage and use will help ensure readiness for use.
- Two-way radio: Two-way radios provide a reliable method of communication between rooms and buildings at a single site. All staff will be trained to understand how to operate the two-way radio.
- Computers: A wireless laptop computer may be used for communication both within the school, to District and County Offices, and to other sites. Email may be a useful tool for updating information for staff, other schools in an affected area, and the District and County offices. An assigned staff member(s) will post information such as school evacuation, closure, or relocation on the home page of the school and district Web site.
- Fax machines: Possible uses include off-campus accidents where lists of students and staff members involved, their locations, and needed telephone numbers can be quickly and accurately communicated.
- Alarm systems on school sites: Bells or buzzers are in place and sound in different ways to signal different types of incidents – for example, fire, lockdown, or special alert (with instructions to follow). All staff/faculty, support staff, students, and volunteers will be trained on what the sounds mean and how to respond to them.
- Whistles: Whistles should be included in crisis kits in order to signal a need for immediate attention or assistance.
- Runners—hand-carried notes may be used for communication as need dictates.
VI. ADMINISTRATION, FINANCE, AND LOGISTICS

A. Agreements and Contracts

If school resources prove to be inadequate during an incident, NCSOS will request assistance from local emergency services, and other agencies. All requests will be approved by the Business Offices at District and County levels. NCSOS will follow all requirements of local, state and federal funding requirements for disaster relief.

B. Recordkeeping

1. Administrative Controls

NCSOS Business Offices is responsible for establishing the administrative controls necessary to manage the expenditure of funds and to provide reasonable accountability and justification for expenditures made to support incident management operations for NCSOS. These administrative controls will be done in accordance with the established local fiscal policies and standard cost accounting procedures.

2. Activity Logs

The ICS Section Chiefs will maintain accurate logs recording key incident management activities, including:

- Activation or deactivation of incident facilities.
- Significant changes in the incident situation.
- Major commitments of resources or requests for additional resources from external sources.
- Issuance of protective action recommendations to the staff and students.
- Evacuations.
- Casualties.
- Containment or termination of the incident.

C. Incident Costs

1. Annual Incident Management Costs

The Finance and Administration Section is responsible for maintaining records, summarizing the use of personnel, equipment, and supplies to obtain an estimate of annual incident response costs that can be used in preparing future school budgets. The Finance and Administration Section Chief will maintain detailed records of costs for incident management and operations to include:

- Personnel costs, especially overtime costs,
- Equipment operations costs,
- Costs for leased or rented equipment,
- Costs for contract services to support incident management operations, and
- Costs of specialized supplies expended for incident management operations.
These records may be used to recover costs from the responsible party or insurers or as a basis for requesting financial assistance for certain allowable response and recovery costs from the State and/or Federal government.

D. Preservation of Records

In order to continue normal school operations following an incident vital records must be protected. These include legal documents and student files as well as property and tax records. The principal causes of damage to records are fire and water; therefore, essential records should be protected accordingly. Details are outlined in the Continuity of Operations (COOP) Procedures, a functional annex of this plan.

VII. PLAN DEVELOPMENT, MAINTENANCE, AND DISTRIBUTION

NCSOS or designee is responsible for the overall maintenance and revision of the School Safety Plan. Site specific/incident specific response planning, coordination of training, exercising, and drills are the responsibility of the Principal or designee at each school site.

The NCSOS safety committee is responsible for approving and promulgating the Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Community fire, law enforcement, and emergency managers’ suggestions for improvement will be considered.

A. Approval and Dissemination of the Plan

The NCSOS safety committee will approve and disseminate the Comprehensive School Safety Plan following these steps:

- Review and Validate the Plan
- Present the Plan (for Comment or Suggestion)
- Obtain Plan Approval
- Distribute the Plan

1. Record of Changes

Each update or change to the plan will be tracked. The record of changes will include: the change number, the date of the change, and the name of the person who made the change.

- Christine Espedal, NCSOS Director of School Safety made updates on building changes/locations for NCSOS and EJ in January 2021. Sugarloaf Alternative site closed in January of 2021 and has been removed from this plan.
- Updates to include Nevada County Hazard and Mitigation Plan, GETS, WPS, Shelter in Place (Wildfire), Suicide Prevention, COVID-19 Pandemic were made January 2020.
2. Record of Distribution

Copies of the Comprehensive School Safety Plan will be distributed to those tasked in this document. The record of distribution will be kept as proof that tasked individuals and organizations have acknowledged their receipt, review, and/or acceptance of the plan. The Safety Committee will indicate the title and name of the person receiving the plan, the agency to which the receiver belongs, the date of delivery, and the number of copies delivered. Copies of the plan may be made available to the public and media without the sensitive information at the discretion of the Superintendent.

B. Plan Review and Updates

The Comprehensive School Safety Plan will be reviewed annually by the NCSOS Safety Committee. Compliance with education code Section 32286 requires, “each school shall adopt its comprehensive school safety plan by March 1, of 2000, and shall review and update is plan by March 1 every year thereafter.”

The NCSOS Safety Plan will be updated based upon deficiencies identified during incident management activities and exercises and when changes in threat hazards, resources and capabilities, or school structure occur.

C. Training and Exercising the Plan

NCSOS understands the importance of training, drills, and exercises in maintaining and planning for an incident. To ensure that all school personnel and community first responders are aware of their duties and responsibilities under the school plan and the most current procedures, the following training, drill, and exercise actions will occur.

NCSOS School Safety Plan training will include:
- Hazard and incident awareness training for all staff.
- Orientation to the Comprehensive School Safety Plan and annexes.
- First aid, AED, Epi Pen and CPR training offered for all staff.
- Team training to address specific incident response or recovery activities, such as Parent-Student Reunification, Special Needs, and Relocation.
- Volunteer participation in two online FEMA courses: ICS 100 and IS-700. Both courses are available for free at FEMA’s Emergency Management Institute Website. Schools receiving federal funds are required to complete these two courses.

Additional training will include drills, and tabletop and functional exercises. Drills will be conducted in compliance with California Education Code. Exercises will occur at least once per school year. Approved parent volunteers and community members will also be incorporated into larger training efforts.
NCSOS CSSP 2021

All NCSOS staff members are expected to develop personal and family emergency plans. Each family should anticipate that a staff member may be required to remain at school following a catastrophic event in alignment with Disaster Service Workers status. Knowing that the family is prepared and can handle the situation will enable school staff to do their jobs more effectively.

VIII. AUTHORITIES AND REFERENCES
The following regulations are the State authorizations and mandates upon which this Comprehensive School Safety Plan is based. These authorities and references provide a legal basis for incident management operations and activities.

- California Senate Bill 187 (Chapter 736, Hughes, Statutes of 1997) requires that all California schools to develop and implement comprehensive Safe School Plans. (Education Code Section 35294.2). Education Code Section 35294.6(a) requires that the plan be reviewed and updated annually by March 1.
- California Education Code 33031 requires that school principals formulate and submit to the district superintendent for approval a civil defense and emergency preparedness plan for that school. Plans must be tested two times during the school year.
- California Government Code Title 1, Division 4, Chapter 8, section 3100 deems public workers to be disaster service workers subject to such disaster services activities as may be assigned to them, and that school districts have a responsibility to be prepared as possible to meet emergencies.
- Because all schools are integral components of every community and its government, it is recommended that all schools—regardless of whether or not they are recipients of Federal preparedness funding—implement NIMS. The Standardized Emergency Management System mandates the use of the National Incident Management System and the use of the Incident Command System (ICS) for managing all disaster/crisis situations.

- Education Code 32282 (a) states: The comprehensive school safety plan shall include, but not be limited to, both of the following:
  1. Assessing the current status of school crime committed on school campuses at school-related functions.
  2. Identifying appropriate strategies and program that will provide or maintain a high level of school safety and address the school’s procedures for complying with existing laws related to school safety.
FUNCTIONAL ANNEX

VIV. School Climate

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to ensure that there are programs in place to provide staff and students with a positive school and work climate.

II. SCOPE

The section outlines the importance of a positive school climate and the tools used for assessing school climate and providing data to guide school improvement efforts.

III. CORE FUNCTIONS

Nevada County Superintendent of Schools will act as a resource for school sites to conduct research, support, train, and guide school staff in the development of a positive school climate curriculum goals and standards.

- Work with district and site staff and administrators to determine professional development needs for school climate topics.
- Assist in procurement, distribution and use of school climate curriculum materials and supplemental aids.

A. Assessment of school climate

Education Code 32282 (a) states: The comprehensive school safety plan shall include, but not be limited to, both of the following:

1) Assessing the current status of school crime committed on school campuses at school-related functions.

2) Identifying appropriate strategies and program that will provide or maintain a high level of school safety and address the school's procedures for complying with existing laws related to school safety.

Nevada County Superintendent of schools reviews appropriate sources of data to identify school safety issues.

- As a measure of school climate the California Health Kids Survey (CHKS) is conducted. School climate index is measured and reviewed annually.
- Monthly Community Agencies United for Safe Schools and Safe Streets (CAUSSSS) meetings are conducted to allow continued collaboration and cooperation with law enforcement, probation, school sites principals, mental health agencies, SARB and school district representatives.
- Goals for improved school climate are a vital component of annual school improvement efforts, including those identified as part of the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP).
C. Implementation and action for positive school climate:

- NCSOS participated in a four-year implementation of the Safe Schools Healthy Students Program.
- Second Step K-8 bully prevention curriculum is made available through NCSOS.
- NCSOS is active in providing training in the Positive Behavior Intervention and Support (PBIS) model (recognized as best practice for schools). Several schools in the county have implemented the program at Tier I, II, and III levels of training.
- Sources of Strength Suicide Prevention program has been implemented in the Nevada Joint Union High School District.
- Nevada County Mental Health Services works collaboratively with school sites to create a positive environment and support anti-stigma mental health and prevention strategies.
- Effective counseling and wellness services are available to all students (psychological and social services, attendance improvement, dropout prevention and recovery, and appropriate referral systems for student support).
- Student Assistance Programs, intervention, and referrals are in place on school sites.
- SMART team referrals are in place to meet the needs of at-risk students and/or families.
- NCSOS works together with families in the county through PARTNERS: People and Resources Together; a Network of Education, Recreation and Support. Family Resource Centers offer parenting classes and workshops, community resources and referrals, child development information, after-school enrichment, and parent/child classes and activities.
- Suicide Prevention training is provided for staff members and students grades 7-12 through LivingWorks online training. NCSOS works closely with Nevada County Public Health Suicide Prevention and provides Know the Signs training to staff and parents.
- Mental Health First Aid is offered multiple times throughout the school year.
- Human Trafficking awareness is available as a resource to all our school sites and implemented as part of the safety plan.

D. Implementation and action for School Safety

- Review of existing school site discipline rules and procedures are done regularly. Expectations for student behavior, codes of conduct, unacceptable behavior, and disciplinary consequences are reviewed annually. Parent and student signatures ensure understanding and acceptance of policies and procedures.
- Internet use agreements between school sites and students are in place to ensure proper and safe use of internet services.
• Professional development activities are promoted for all school personnel to include training on the implementation of the school site plan, safe school strategies, crisis response training, consistent enforcement of school discipline policies, child abuse reporting, and identification and recognition of student mental health issues.

• Accesses to school sites have been appropriately restricted: procedures are in place to address visitors to campus. The use of campus supervisors and security equipment are appropriately utilized.
NCSOS CSSP 2021

Functional Annexes

Each functional annex describes the policies, processes, roles, and responsibilities for that function. Functional annexes address all-hazard critical operational functions, including:

CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS (COOP) PROCEDURES

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of these Continuity of Operations (COOP) procedures is to ensure that there are procedures in place to maintain or rapidly resume essential operations within the county after an incident that results in disruption of normal activities or services to schools. Failure to maintain these critical services would significantly affect the education and/or service mission of the school in an adverse way.

- Common procedures, and
- Specialized procedures.

All functional annexes address:

- Situations under which the procedures should be used
- Who has the authority to activate the procedures
- Specific actions to be taken when the procedures are implemented

II. SCOPE

It is the responsibility of Nevada County Superintendent of Schools officials to protect students and staff from incidents and restore critical operations as soon as it is safe to do so. This responsibility involves identifying and mitigating hazards, preparing for and responding to incidents, and managing the recovery. These COOP procedures are written to address these responsibilities before, during, and after times of routine work schedules. They apply to Nevada County Superintendent of Schools, Earle Jamison Educational Options, T.K.M. Center, and the Sierra College Child Development Center.

The COOP procedures outline actions needed to maintain and rapidly resume essential academic, business, and physical services after an incident. NCSOS relies on strong internal and external communication systems and partnerships with contractors and organizations to quickly recovery following an incident

III. RESPONSIBILITIES

The delegation of authority and management responsibilities in event of an incident follows the hierarchy outlined in previous sections. Designated school staff/faculty COOP procedures personnel, in conjunction with the superintendent, will perform the essential functions.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Responsibilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Superintendent                | - Determine when to close schools, and/or send students/staff to alternate locations.  
                                  - Disseminate information internally to students and staff.  
                                  - Communicate with parents, media, and the larger school community.  
                                  - Identify a line of succession, including who is responsible for restoring which business functions for schools/districts. |
| Associate Superintendent or designee | - Ensure systems are in place for rapid contract execution after an incident.  
                                  - Identify relocation areas for classrooms and administrative operations.  
                                  - Create a system for registering students (out of district or into alternative schools).  
                                  - Brief and train staff regarding their additional responsibilities.  
                                  - Secure and provide needed personnel, equipment and supplies, facilities, resources, and services required for continued operations.  
                                  - Identify strategies to continue teaching (e.g., Distance Learning, providing tutors for homebound students, rearranging tests).  
                                  - Reevaluate the curriculum. |
| Maintenance Personnel         | - Work with local government officials to determine when it is safe for students and staff to return to the school buildings and grounds.  
                                  - Manage the restoration of school buildings and grounds (e.g. debris removal, repairing, repainting, and/or re-landscapeing). |
| Office Staff/Business Office | Maintain inventory (have pictures of it)  
|                           | Maintain essential records (and copies of records) including school’s insurance policy.  
|                           | Ensure redundancy of records is kept at a different physical location.  
|                           | Secure classroom equipment, books, and materials in advance.  
|                           | Restore administrative and recordkeeping functions such as payroll, accounting, and personal records.  
|                           | Retrieve, collect, and maintain personnel data.  
|                           | Provide accounts payable and cash management services.  
| Director of School Safety | Establish support services for students and staff/faculty.  
|                           | Implement additional response and recovery activities according to established protocols.  

To implement the COOP procedures:

- All core COOP procedures personnel will undergo training on executing the COOP procedures. Training will be designed to inform each participant of his/her responsibilities (and those of others) during implementation.

IV. PROCEDURES

The following procedures will be followed by staff to assist in the execution of essential functions and the day-to-day operations.

A. Activation and Relocation

The superintendent will determine when to activate and implement the COOP procedures and make the decision to relocate to the alternate site. Authority for activation may be delegated. The activation may occur with or without warning. The superintendent or designee (with delegated authority) will activate the COOP procedures whenever it is determined the school is not suitable for safe occupancy or functional operation.

Alert, Notification, and Implementation Process

Staff members will be part of the communication system used to notify employees of COOP procedure activation and provide situation information, as available. Parents/guardians will be alerted and notified using the automated notification system as important information becomes available.
B. Relocation Sites
Relocation sites have been identified as locations to establish management and to implement essential functions if warranted by an incident. Each school/office site will have more than one potential relocation site, in different wind directions from the incident site.

C. Alternate Facilities and Strategy

For estimated short-term (2 to 14 days) payroll and personnel actions, the alternative facility will be the NCSOS Annex. Contingent alternative facilities are listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alternate Facility</th>
<th>Can Replace This Primary Facility</th>
<th>Street Address</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To be determined as needed</td>
<td>NCSOS Offices</td>
<td>380 Crown Point Circle Grass Valley, CA</td>
<td>Sammie White -530-478–6400 Ext. 2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To be determined as needed</td>
<td>Sierra College Child Development Center and TKM</td>
<td>Two sites</td>
<td>Teena Corker, Associate Superintendent Ed Services</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For each alternate facility, the essential resources, equipment, and software that will be necessary for resumption of operations at the site will be identified and plans developed for securing those resources. IT systems available at the site will need to be tested for compatibility with NCSOS backup data.

E. Interoperable Communications/Backup Sites
Placer County Office of Education may be used as a temporary alternative site for short-term disruptions involving payroll and personnel actions.

With a longer term and/or more comprehensive incapacity of the building, temporary housing would be established while a relocation site is secured.

F. Vital Records and Retention File

Vital records are archived and/or retained on backup data systems stored off site. Servers are currently located at Nevada Union High School with IT back up to the Cloud.

G. Human Capital Management

Employees responsible for essential functions are cross-trained. Identified special needs employees are provided Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) accommodation and guidance in their responsibilities as well as the assistance that may be provided by coworkers in event of an incident. A coworker may assist the individual, in the appropriate capacity, to an area of safety. All personnel are also encouraged to plan for their families’ well-being before a disaster strikes.

H. Reconstitution

In most instances of COOP procedures implementation, reconstitution will be a reverse execution of those duties and procedures listed above, including:

- Inform staff that the threat of or incident no longer exists, and provide instructions for the resumption of normal operations.
- Supervise an orderly return to the school buildings.
- Conduct an after-action review of COOP operations and effectiveness of plans and procedures.

I. RECOVERY: PSYCHOLOGICAL HEALING PROCEDURES

I. PURPOSE

These procedures have been developed to provide an emotional catharsis to students/staff impacted by trauma at school or in the community. Following a traumatic event or incident, the following recovery procedures should be implemented to assist students, staff, and their families in the healing process.

II. SCOPE

The following procedures outline steps to be taken by staff following a trauma, a serious injury or death, and/or a major incident impacting the community. A working relationship with Nevada County Mental Health professionals ensures preparation for recovery from an incident.

IV. RESPONSIBILITIES
To implement the recovery: psychological healing procedures:

- Staff members will be offered tips on how to recognize signs of trauma.
- Mental health experts from Nevada County Crisis Counseling team will be available to offer expertise and help.
- Handle with Care program alerts school sites of potential trauma endured by a student in the previous 24 hours.

V. SPECIALIZED PROCEDURES
The following procedures will be implemented by staff when directed by the superintendent or when deemed appropriate by the situation.

A. Immediately Following a Serious Injury or Death and/or Major Incident:
- Convene a staff meeting immediately to discuss how the situation is being handled and to discuss what resources are available to staff, students, and families.
- Set up crisis centers and designate private rooms for private counseling/defusing. Staff should include outside mental health professionals to assist with staff grief.
- Encourage open discussions about the incident and allow staff to openly discuss feelings, fears, and concerns shortly after the incident. Any staff that is excessively distraught should be referred to the crisis response team.
- Accept donations. In the first hours and days after a major incident, offers of help will probably be plentiful; however, offers will diminish considerably as time passes. Donations given and not used can always be returned. Designate a place for staff, students, and community members to leave well-wishes, messages, and items.

B. Hospital/Funeral Arrangements
- Provide staff with information regarding visitation and/or funeral arrangements (time, location, customs) when available. If the funeral is scheduled during a work day, staff may be excused from work at the Superintendent’s discretion.
- Encourage staff to attend the funeral to provide support for the family and bring closure to the incident.
- Designate staff person(s) to visit the hospital and/or attend the funeral to represent the school.

C. Post-Incident Procedures
- Allow for changes in normal routines or schedules to address injury or death; however, recommend staff return to their normal routine as soon as possible after the funeral.
- Follow up with staff that receive counseling and refer them to outside mental health professionals as needed.
- Donate all remaining memorial items to charity.
- Discuss and approve memorials with the NCSOS board consent.
Hazard- and Threat-Specific Annexes

The hazard- and threat-specific annexes:
- Provide unique procedures, roles, and responsibilities that apply to a specific hazard.
- Provisions and applications for warning the public and disseminating emergency public information are included.

California Government Code, Section 3100, Title 1, Division 4, Chapter 4.
States that public employees are disaster service workers, subject to such disaster service activities as may be assigned to them by their superiors or by law. The term "public employees" includes all persons employed by the state or any county, city, city and county, state agency or public district, excluding aliens legally employed.

SITE COMPREHENSIVE SAFETY PLAN
The law applies to public school employees in the following cases:
- When a local emergency is proclaimed.
- When a state of emergency is proclaimed.
- When a federal disaster declaration is made.

The law has two ramifications for School District employees:
1. It is likely that public school employees are pressed into service as Disaster Service Workers by their superiors, and may be asked to do jobs other than their usual duties for periods exceeding their normal working hours.
2. When pressed into disaster service, employees' 'Workers' Compensation Coverage becomes the responsibility of state government (OES), but their overtime pay is paid by the school district.

These circumstances apply only when a local or state emergency is declared.

NATURAL HAZARDS: FLOOD

Flooding is a natural feature of the climate, topography, and hydrology of NCSOS and its surrounding areas. Some floods develop slowly during an extended period of rain or in a warming trend following a heavy snow. Flash floods can occur quickly, without any visible sign of rain. Catastrophic floods are associated with burst dams and levees, hurricanes, storm surges, tsunamis, and earthquakes. The purpose of this annex is to ensure that there are procedures in place to protect staff/students and school property in case of a flood.

I. SCOPE

The annex outlines additional responsibilities and duties as well as procedures for staff responding to a flood near or on school grounds.
II. CORE FUNCTIONS

The County of Nevada Office of Emergency Services, the National Weather Service, and other Federal cooperative agencies have an extensive river and weather monitoring system and provide flood watch and warning information to the school community via radio, television, Internet, and telephone. In the event of a flood, the Incident Commander, or superintendent, will activate the EOP and implement the Incident Command System. The superintendent will alert staff/faculty and school site administrations in case of imminent or confirmed flooding, including that due to dam failure.

A. Operational Functions/Procedures That May Be Activated

Operational functions or procedures that may be activated in the event of a flood include the following:

- Evacuation
- Reverse Evacuation
- Relocation
- Parent-Student Reunification
- Special Needs Population
- Continuity of Operations (COOP)
- Recovery: Psychological Healing
- Mass Care

B. Activating the Safety Plan

The superintendent will determine the need to activate the Safety Plan and designate an Incident Commander.

1. Incident Commander Actions

- Issue stand-by instruction. In consultation with the superintendent and Nevada County Office of Emergency Services determine if evacuation is required.
- Notify local law enforcement of intent to evacuate, the location of the safe evacuation site, and the route to be taken to that site.
- Delegate a search team to ensure that all staff has been evacuated.
- Activate communications plan.
- Determine if additional procedures should be activated.
- Issue directed transportation instruction if students will be evacuated to a safer location by means of buses and cars.
- Notify the site administrators of the status and action taken.
- Update the administrators, Incident Management Team, and Section Chiefs of any significant changes.
- Do not allow staff to return to the building until proper authorities have determined that it is safe to do so.
• Determine whether offices will be closed or remain open.
• Document all actions taken.

2. Incident Management Team and Section Chiefs Actions

• Monitor radio and Internet for flood information and report any developments to the Incident Commander.
• Review procedures with staff as needed.
• Disseminate information about the incident and follow-up actions such as where school sites have relocated and parent-student reunification procedures.
• Implement the internal and external communications plan.
• Notify relocation centers and determine an alternate relocation center, if needed, if primary and secondary centers would also be flooded.
• Implement additional procedures as instructed by the Incident Commander.
• Take appropriate action to safeguard school and office property.
• Document all actions taken.

3. Staff Actions

• Execute evacuation procedures when instructed by the Incident Management Team and/or Section Chiefs. Durham Student Services has verbally agreed to assist as needed in the event of a disaster to safety evacuate students from school sites.
• Account for all staff.
• Remain together as a staff throughout the evacuation process.
• Upon arrival at the safe site, account for all staff. Report any missing or injured staff to the Incident Commander.
• Do not return to the building until it has been inspected and determined safe by proper authorities.
• Document all actions taken.

4. Bus Driver Actions for school sites

• If evacuation is by bus, do not drive through flooded streets and/or roads. Do not attempt to cross bridges, overpasses, or tunnels that may be damaged by flooding.
• If the driver is caught in an unavoidable situation, seek higher ground immediately. If the bus stalls and water is rising, abandon the bus and seek higher ground before the situation worsens.
• Use two-way radios to communicate with the Incident Commander, Incident Management Team, and Section Chiefs.
• Document all actions taken.
TECHNOLOGICAL HAZARDS: CHEMICAL

I. PURPOSE

Hazardous chemicals are used for a variety of purposes and are regularly transported through many areas in and around Nevada County. Currently, ammonia, chlorine, and propane are all used and stored on school grounds. The purpose of this annex is to ensure that there are procedures in place to protect staff/students and school property in case of a chemical spill.

Chemical accidents may originate inside or outside the building. Examples include: toxic leaks or spills caused by tank, truck, or railroad accident; water treatment/waste treatment plants; and industry or laboratory spills.

A. Operational Functions/Procedures That May Be Activated

Operational functions, or procedures, that may be activated in the event of an external chemical spill include:

- Reverse Evacuation
- Special Needs Population
- Shelter-in-Place
- Evacuation
- Parent-Student Reunification
- Continuity of Operations (COOP)
- Recovery: Psychological Healing
- Mass Care

If there is an internal chemical spill, the following procedures may be activated:

- Evacuation
- Special Needs Population
- Relocation
- Parent-Student Reunification

The Incident Commander and the Incident Management Team/Section Chiefs will determine if and when these procedures should be activated.

B. Activating the plan for an External Spill

The superintendent will determine the need to activate the safety plan and designate a temporary Incident Commander until a qualified HazMat Incident Commander arrives at the scene.
1. Incident Commander Actions
   - Issue stand-by instruction if school is in session.
   - Determine what procedures should be activated.
   - Consider a reverse evacuation to bring all persons inside the building.
   - Notify Maintenance/Building and Grounds Manager to shut off mechanical ventilating systems.
   - Notify local law enforcement of intent to shelter in place.
   - Notify the school site administrators of the status and action taken.
   - Activate communications plan.
   - Issue directed transportation instruction if students will be evacuated to a safer location by means of buses and cars.
   - Update site administrators, Incident Management Team, and Section Chiefs of any significant changes.
   - Do not allow staff and students to return to the building until proper authorities have determined that it is safe to do so.
   - Give the “all clear” signal after the threat has passed.
   - Determine whether school will be closed or remain open.
   - Document all actions taken.

2. Incident Management Team and Section Chiefs Actions
   - Review procedures with staff if needed.
   - Implement the internal and external communications plan.
   - Monitor radio and Internet for additional information and report any developments to the Incident Commander.
   - Disseminate information about the incident and follow-up actions such as where the school has relocated and parent-student reunification procedures.
   - Notify relocation centers and determine an alternate relocation center if necessary.
   - Implement additional procedures as instructed by the Incident Commander.
   - Take appropriate action to safeguard school and office property.
   - Document all actions taken.

3. Staff Actions
   - Move staff away from immediate vicinity of danger.
   - Execute shelter-in-place procedures when instructed by the Incident Management Team and/or Section Chiefs.
   - Report any missing or injured staff to the Incident Commander.
   - Remain in sheltered area until the “all clear” signal has been issued.
   - In the event of building damage, evacuate staff to safer areas of the building or from the building. If evacuation does occur, do not re-enter the building until an “all clear” signal is issued.
   - Document all actions taken.
C. Activating the safety plan for an Internal Chemical Spill
The superintendent will determine the need to activate the EOP and designate a temporary Incident Commander until a qualified HazMat Incident Commander arrives at the scene.

If the chemical spill is internal, the following steps will be taken by the school community:

1. Person Discovering the Spill
   - Alert others in immediate area to leave the area.
   - Close windows and doors and restrict access to affected area.
   - Notify principal/teacher/safety officer.
   - Do not eat or drink anything or apply cosmetics.

2. Incident Commander Actions
   - Issue stand-by instruction to all staff.
   - Determine what procedures should be activated.
   - Activate the evacuation procedures using primary or alternate routes, avoiding exposure to the chemical fumes.
   - Consider an office evacuation.
   - Notify Maintenance/Building and Grounds Manager to shut off mechanical ventilating systems.
   - Notify the local fire department and the Department of Public Health. Provide the following information:
     - Site name and address, including nearest cross street(s).
     - Location of the spill and/or materials released; name of substance, if known. Characteristics of spill (color, smell, visible gases). Injuries, if any.
   - Notify local law enforcement of intent to evacuate.
   - Notify the site administrators of the status and action taken.
   - Activate communications plan. Issue directed transportation instruction if staff will be evacuated to a safer location by means of buses and cars.
   - Update the site administrators, Incident Management Team, and Section Chiefs of any significant changes.
   - Do not allow staff to return to the building until proper authorities have determined that it is safe to do so.
   - Give the “all clear” signal after the threat has passed.
   - Determine whether the offices will be closed or remain open.
   - Document all actions taken.

3. Incident Management Team and Section Chiefs Actions
   - Move staff and any students away from the immediate danger zone and keep staff and students from entering or congregating in danger zone.
   - Review procedures with staff if needed.
- Implement the internal and external communications plan.
- Disseminate information about the incident and follow-up actions such as where the school has relocated and parent-student reunification procedures.
- Notify relocation centers and determine an alternate relocation center if necessary.
- Implement additional procedures as instructed by the Incident Commander.
- Take appropriate action to safeguard office property.
- Document all actions taken.

4. Staff Actions

- Move staff away from immediate vicinity of danger.
- Report location and type (if known) of the hazardous material to Incident Commander.
- Execute evacuation and relocation procedures when instructed by the Incident Management Team and/or Section Chiefs unless there is a natural or propane gas leak or odor. If a natural or propane gas leak or odor is detected, evacuate immediately and notify the superintendent.
- If evacuation is implemented, direct all staff to report to assigned evacuation area. Take class roster and emergency to-go kits. Check that all staff has left the building.
- Upon arrival at evacuation site, account for all staff. Notify Incident Commander or designee of any missing or injured staff. Staff should remain together throughout the evacuation and relocation process until all clear is given.
EARTHQUAKE

Purpose

The purpose of this annex is to ensure that there are procedures in place to protect staff/students and school property in case of an earthquake.

A. Operational Functions/Procedures That May Be Activated

A drop, cover and hold procedure is recommended as “best practice” in the event of an earthquake. “Drop, cover, and hold procedure" means an activity whereby each student and staff member take cover under a table or desk, dropping to his or her knees, with the head protected by the arms, and the back to the windows.

Protective measures and mitigating efforts are to be taken before, during, and following an earthquake. A program to ensure that the students, certificated and classified staff is aware of and properly trained in, the earthquake emergency procedure system. (Code of Regulations, Section 35297)

B. Activating the plan for an Earthquake

The superintendent will determine the need to activate the safety plan and designate a temporary Incident Commander until a qualified first responder arrives at the scene and gives additional instructions.

1. Incident Commander Actions
   - Issue stand-by instruction if school is in session.
   - Determine what procedures should be activated.
   - Notify Maintenance/Building and Grounds Manager to shut off mechanical ventilating systems, power and gas and to check stability of buildings.
   - Notify local law enforcement of intent to evacuate or shelter in place.
   - Notify the school site administrators of the status and action taken.
   - Activate communications plan.
   - Issue directed transportation instruction if students will be evacuated to a safer location by means of buses and cars.
   - Update site administrators, Incident Management Team, and Section Chiefs of any significant changes.
   - Do not allow staff and students to return to the building until proper authorities have determined that it is safe to do so.
   - Give the “all clear” signal after the threat has passed.
   - Determine whether school will be closed or remain open.
   - Document all actions taken.

2. Incident Management Team and Section Chiefs Actions
• Review procedures with staff if needed.
• Implement the internal and external communications plan.
• Monitor radio and Internet for additional information and report any developments to the Incident Commander.
• Disseminate information about the incident and follow-up actions such as where the school has relocated and parent-student reunification procedures.
• Notify relocation centers and determine an alternate relocation center if necessary.
• Implement additional procedures as instructed by the Incident Commander.
• Take appropriate action to safeguard school and office property.
• Document all actions taken.

3. Staff Actions
Tremors and shaking of the earth are the signals of an earthquake and there are usually no warnings; therefore, teachers should initiate immediate action. Do not wait for a P.A. announcement.

a. Teachers should instruct their students to DUCK AND COVER and HOLD using desks and chairs to protect themselves from falling objects. Building walls tend to fall outward; therefore, utilize the protection of inner walls, hallways and doorways. Keep away from glass walls, windows and skylights.

b. Be sure to open classroom doors to prevent them from becoming jammed.

c. After the earthquake tremors subside, the principal will either order an evacuation of the buildings using the established fire drill signals and procedures or will direct everyone to resume the regular school routine.

If the school is to be evacuated, the established fire/leave the building evacuation procedures include the following elements:

a. When the fire drill bell sounds, please have your class move out of our classroom in a quiet and orderly fashion down the corridor to the nearest exit in the direction indicated by the “Building Evacuation” map posted in your classroom.

b. Make sure EVERY student leaves your room and is exiting the building in the proper direction and toward the designated class assembly area.

c. Please take your roll book.

d. Follow your class to insure that none of your students remain inside the building.

When you and your class have exited the building, please gather your students in an area well away from the building. At this time, take roll. Please fill out the Emergency Preparedness Teacher/Staff Report Form.
e. Please keep your class outside of the building until a verbal “all clear” is given indicating that it is safe to return to your class. If it has been determined that it is not safe to return to class, you are then asked to escort your class to the nearest open area and supervise them until they are released to a family member or are delivered home by school personnel.

**DROP, COVER AND HOLD**

**Indoors:**

**DROP:** Take cover under a nearby desk or table, positioning as much of the body as possible under cover.

**COVER:** Clasp both hands behind the neck, bury your face in your arms, make your body as small as possible, close eyes and cover ears with forearms.

**HOLD:** Hold on to the table legs or side of the desk. Remain in position until the ground stops shaking or the teacher indicates that this phase of the drill has ended.

If there is no table or desk nearby, but there are chairs (such as an auditorium-style arrangement):

**DROP:** Take cover under the chairs, if possible, and/or between the rows of chairs, by dropping to the floor, holding on and protecting the eyes with the arm.

If there are no tables or chairs nearby (Or not enough):

**DROP:** Take cover by dropping to the floor, against an interior wall, if possible. Select the closest safe place: between tables or against a wall. The “Drop” position is preferred: on the floor, on the knees, leaning over to rest on the elbows, hands clasped behind the neck, face down for protection.

In the hallway:

**DROP:** Take the “drop” position alongside the walls. Try to avoid earthquake hazards such as unsecured lockers, trophy cases, etc. Choose the closest safe place.
On the stairs:

DROP: Sit down, hold onto handrail and cover eyes.

Outdoors:

Move away from the buildings, power lines, block walls, and other items, which might fall.

Take the “drop” position or sit down.

Staff/Students in wheel chairs should remain in the chair, lock the brakes, duck head to lap and cover head and neck.

Evacuation: An Evacuation should NEVER be automatic. There may be more danger outside the building than there is inside. If administrative directions are not forthcoming, the teacher will be responsible for assessing the situation and determining if an evacuation is required. Pre-determined evacuation areas should be in open areas, without overhead hazards and removed from potential danger spots (covered walkways, large gas mains, chain linked fences [electric shock potential]). Students are to remain with their teacher in the evacuation area. Teachers shall take their roll books, take roll once in the evacuation area and be prepared to identify missing students to administrators and/first responders.

The principal or designee shall keep a copy of each drill conducted on the Emergency Drill Report form and file a copy with the Superintendent/designee.

DRILLS: An earthquake drill will be conducted annually in grades K-12. NCSOS is a regular participant in the annual Great California Shake Out held in October of each year. It is important to note that during the pandemic, earthquake emergency procedures, per EC 32282(a)(i)(II-IV), remain in effect and must include a drop procedure for students and staff once each quarter in elementary school and once each semester in secondary school. All staff must be trained in the procedures.
FIRE/WILDFIRE

I. PURPOSE
The purpose of this annex is to ensure that there are procedures in place to protect
staff/students, office and property in the event of a fire or wildland fire on the site or
threatening the community.

II. SCOPE
The annex outlines additional responsibilities and duties as well as procedures for staff
responding to an impending wildfire.

III. CORE FUNCTIONS

NCSOS is compliant with fire codes and inspections mandated by the Nevada County Fire
Marshall. Fire extinguishers and fire alarms are strategically placed and inspected in
compliance with state recommendations. Potential emergency power shut off (Public Safety
Power Shut Off (PSPS) are in place for high fire danger days.

A. Operational functions/procedures that may be activated
Operational functions that may be activated in the event of a fire or wildland fire on an
office or school site or in close proximity include the following:
  • Evacuation
  • Relocation
  • Shelter in Place

1. Incident Commander Actions
   • Issue evacuation order as recommended by local Fire Department.
   • Determine what procedures should be activated depending on the location and
     nature of the fire/wild fire.
   • Consult with local fire services and Nevada County Office of Emergency Services.
   • Notify site specific administrators and staff.
   • Designate a specific staff member to coordinate with public safety at the Incident
     Command Post.
   • Be available to deal with the media and bystanders.
   • Assist with Parent-Student Reunification if requested

2. Staff Actions
   • Assist with ordered evacuation
   • Assist with Shelter-in-Place
C. Activating the safety plan for Fire/Wild Fire

The Superintendent will determine the need to activate the safety plan and designate a temporary Incident Commander until the local fire department or Office of Emergency Services assumes command.

1. Notify 911 and report fire

2. Incident Commander Actions
   - Issue stand-by instruction to all office and school site staff
   - Determine what procedures should be activated
   - Activate the evacuation procedures using primary or alternate routes, avoiding exposure to fire.
   - Consider all-school site evacuation or Shelter in Place.
   - Notify Maintenance to shut off utilities as appropriate.

3. Incident Management Teams and Section Chief's Actions
   - Follow evacuation protocol assisting students and staff.
   - Review procedures with staff as needed.
   - Implement the internal and external communications plan.
   - Notify relocation centers and determine an alternate relocation center if necessary.
   - Implement additional procedures as instructed by Incident Commander.
   - Take appropriate action to safeguard office and school property.
   - Document all actions taken.

4. Staff actions
   - Execute evacuation and relocation procedures when instructed by the Incident Management Team unless there is a natural or propane gas leak odor. If a natural or propane gas leak or odor is detected, or if danger of fire is imminent, evacuate immediately and notify Superintendent.
   - Whenever the fire alarm is sounded, all students, staff, teachers and other employees shall quickly leave the building in an orderly manner. Administration or designee shall ascertain that no student remains in the building.
   - Designated evacuation routes shall be posted in each room. Teachers shall be prepared to select alternate exits and direct their classes to these exits in the event the designated evacuation route is blocked.
   - Evacuation areas will be established away from fire lanes.
   - Students are to remain with their teacher in the evacuation area. Teachers shall take their roll books, take roll once in the evacuation area and be prepared to identify missing students to administrators and/or fire marshals/designees.
DRILLS: In compliance with the California Code of Regulations Section 550: Principals shall hold fire drills at least once a month in all elementary and middle schools and at least twice each school year at all high schools. All pupils, teachers, and other employees are required to leave the building during a fire drill. The principal or designee shall keep a copy of each drill conducted on the Emergency Drill Report form and file a copy with the Superintendent/designee. It is important to note that during the current pandemic uniform Fire Signals requirements, EC 32001, remain in effect. In every public, private, or parochial school a fire drill must be conducted at least once every calendar month at the elementary level and at least four times every school year at the intermediate levels. A fire drill must be held at the secondary level at least twice every school year.

Shelter-in-Place (Wildfire)

Shelter-in-Place responds to the threat of a fast-moving firestorm or wildfire. In the event that evacuation is impossible, Protective Actions are implemented as a response to an imminent hazard to protect students, staff, and all other personnel in and around the school from the potential consequences of the pending threat. In the event of a firestorm local firefighters will “defend” the space designated.

1. Notification may come from law enforcement, fire services or administration

2. Shelter-in-Place Procedures:
   - Activate the Incident Response Team
     - Operations team
       - First Aid
       - Attendance
       - Special needs students
       - Fire suppression
       - Reunification
       - Ingress/egress of doors
     - Logistics team
       - Water hoses
       - Fire Extinguishers
       - Flashlights
       - Radio
       - Food
       - Water
       - Trauma bags

3. Staff Assignments (know your role)
   - Students should NOT leave the campus, parents should NOT attempt to come to the campus. Ingress/egress must be kept clear for first responders.
   - Close classroom doors but leave unlocked
   - Move all staff and students to designated interior rooms (i.e. McCrory Gym) for shelter-in-place (Keep classes together with assigned teacher).
• Designated staff should bring updated attendance reports, grab-and-go bag, Automatic External Defibrillators (AEDs), and other equipment to the shelter-in-place location
• Take attendance and report it to the principal/designee.
• Be prepared for power outages
• Monitor students and attempt to keep them calm

4. Administrative Procedures
• Activate Incident Response Team
• Alert district offices and Superintendent of Schools of shelter-in-place status.
• Initiate an all-call to parent/guardians to alert of shelter-in-place status. No visitors, staff, or students should report to campus during a shelter-in-place.
• Initiate an all-call and email of status report to all staff.
• Remain in communication with law enforcement and fire service for frequent updates.
• Keep staff, district offices, Superintendent of Schools and parents informed with updated information.
• Be prepared for reunification protocol
• Keep up to date with injuries, missing students, etc.
• Clear Shelter-in-place when advised by law enforcement. Shelter-in-place may be cleared via PA system.
HUMAN-CAUSED HAZARDS: INTRUDER

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this annex is to ensure that there are procedures in place to protect staff/students and school property in the event of an intruder onto NCSOS property.

II. SCOPE

The annex outlines additional responsibilities and duties as well as procedures for staff responding to an intruder on school or office sites.

III. CORE FUNCTIONS

NCSOS will encourage school sites to post signs at point of entry to the campus and buildings from streets and parking lots stating the following:

- All visitors entering school grounds on school days between 7:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. must register at the Main Office.
- To help prevent intruders on school grounds, NCSOS will recommend sign-in sheets and name tags to be worn in a visible location. Name tags will be filled out by office staff and visitors will return to office to sign out and return name tags.
- Exit doors will remain unlocked for easy exit.
- The locking of main entrance and classroom doors will be a site decision.

In the event of an intruder NCSOS will contact law enforcement agencies for their assistance. Practiced procedures may be put into action to alert and protect students and staff. At the NCSOS office, if safe to do so, the panic button in the main office will activate Grey Electric Alarm Company who will alert Law Enforcement.

Precautionary measures are outlined below to keep staff and students from undue exposure to danger. Efforts should be made to remain calm, to avoid provoking aggression, and to keep staff and students safe.

A. Operational Functions/Procedures That May Be Activated

Operational functions or procedures that may be activated in the event of an intruder on site include the following:

- Alert - notify those in harm’s way of the danger at hand. Call 911. Be clear, concise, and accurate with information. Caller should identify self, the location,
suspect information, type of weapon (if applicable), direction of travel and call back number.
• Lockdown or shelter-in-place – Lock down and barricade entry points as appropriate for incident. Law enforcement will enter locked rooms with a key; staff should not open door on command.
• Inform – Superintendent or designee will give real time updates to affected school and office sites as approved by law enforcement.
• Counter – If the intruder enters the room with intent to cause harm, counter the attacker as a last resort. Use distraction devices, spread out, turn out the lights and be ready to cause confusion for the intruder.
• Evacuate – Put time and distance between staff and intruder if safe to do so.

B. Activating the Safety Plan

The superintendent will determine the need to activate the Safety Plan and designate an Incident Commander to implement the procedures specified in this annex. The Incident Commander will transfer command to law enforcement as soon as possible.

1. Incident Commander Actions
• Issue stand-by instruction.
• Determine what procedures should be activated depending on the location and nature of the intruder.
• Consult with local law enforcement and emergency management agencies and monitor the situation.
• If appropriate and safe to do so, request intruder to leave campus in a calm, courteous, and confident manner.
• Notify law enforcement and School Resource Officers to assist if necessary. Provide a description and location of intruder.
• Keep subject in view until police or law enforcement arrives.
• Activate communications plan.
• Designate an administrator or staff member to coordinate with public safety at their command post; provide a site map and keys to public safety personnel.
• Notify the superintendent/Policy Group of the status and action taken.
• Be available to deal with the media and bystanders and keep site clear of visitors.
• Activate the Crisis Response Team to implement recovery: psychological healing procedures.
• Update the Policy Group, Incident Management Team, and Section Chiefs of any significant changes.
• Do not allow staff and visitors to enter or leave the building until proper authorities have determined that it is safe to do so.
• Give the “all clear” signal after the threat has passed.
• Determine whether offices will be closed or remain open.
• Document all actions taken.
2. Staff Actions
   - Notify the Incident Commander or designee. Provide description and location of
     the intruder. Visually inspect the intruder for indications of a weapon. Keep
     intruder in view until police or law enforcement arrives. Stay calm. Do not indicate
     any threat to the intruder.

HUMAN-CAUSED HAZARDS: ACTIVE SHOOTER
I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this annex is to ensure that there are procedures in place to protect
staff/students and school property in the event of an active shooter on NCSOS property.

II. SCOPE
The annex outlines additional responsibilities and duties as well as procedures for staff
responding to an active shooter on school property.

III. CORE FUNCTIONS
NCSOS will recommend that the school sites post signs at point of entry to the campus and
buildings from streets and parking lots stating the following:
   - All visitors entering school grounds on school days between 7:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.
     must register at the Main Office.
   - To help prevent intruders on school grounds, NCSOS will recommend sign-in sheets
     and name tags to be worn in a visible location. Name tags will be filled out by office
     staff and visitors will return to office to sign out and return name tags.

In the event of an active shooter on NCSOS office site, NCSOS will contact law
enforcement agencies for their assistance. Practiced procedures may be put into action to
alert and protect students and staff.

Precautionary measures are outlined below to keep staff from undue exposure to danger.
Efforts should be made to remain calm, to avoid provoking aggression, and to keep staff
and students safe.

A. Operational Functions/Procedures That May Be Activated
Operational functions or procedures that may be activated in the event of an active shooter
on campus include the following:
   - **Alert** – notify those in harm’s way of the danger at hand. Report incident immediately
to law enforcement. Be clear, concise, and accurate with information. Caller should
identify self, the location, suspect information, type of weapon (if applicable),
direction of travel and call back number.
   - **Lockdown** – Lock down and barricade entry points. Lock doors, cover windows,
turn off lights. Only law enforcement may enter a locked-down room or an
administrator with a key. Do not open doors by voice command.
Inform – Superintendent or designee will give real time updates to affected school and office sites as approved by law enforcement.

Counter – If the active shooter enters the room, be prepared to counter the attacker as a last resort. Use distraction devices, spread out, turn out the lights and be ready to cause confusion for the intruder.

Evacuate – Put time and distance between staff and intruder if safe to do so.

RUN, HIDE, FIGHT protocol is taught to staff/students

Recovery: Psychological Healing

B. Activating the Safety Plan
The superintendent or designee will determine the need to activate the Safety Plan and designate an Incident Commander to implement the procedures specified in this annex.

The Incident Commander will transfer command upon the arrival of law enforcement.

1. Incident Commander Actions
- Issue stand-by instruction.
- Determine what procedures should be activated depending on the location and nature of the intruder.
- Consult with local law enforcement and emergency management agencies and monitor the situation.
- If appropriate and safe to do so, request intruder to leave offices in a calm, courteous, and confident manner.
- Notify law enforcement to assist. Provide a description and location of intruder.
- Keep subject in view until police or law enforcement arrives.
- Activate communications plan.
- Designate an administrator or staff member to coordinate with public safety at their command post; provide a site map and keys to public safety personnel.
- Notify the superintendent of the status and action taken.
- Be available to deal with the media and bystanders and keep site clear of visitors.
- Activate psychological healing procedures.
- Update the Policy Group, Incident Management Team, and Section Chiefs of any significant changes.
- Do not allow staff and visitors to enter or leave the building until law enforcement has cleared the building.
- Determine whether offices will be closed or remain open.
- Implement reunification plans
- Document all actions taken.
2. Staff Actions
   - Notify the Incident Commander or designee. Provide description and location of
     the intruder. Visually inspect the intruder for indications of a weapon. Keep
     intruder in view until police or law enforcement arrives. Stay calm. Do not
     indicate any threat to the intruder.

**PANDEMIC**

PURPOSE

The purpose of this document is to provide school sites (Child Development Center (CDC),
Terrance McAteer Center (TKM) and Earle Jamison (EJ) and the Superintendent of Schools
office with clear guidance for reopening in a manner that provides a safer and cleaner
environment for students, school staff and any essential visitors. This COVID-19 Site
Protection Plan (SPP) incorporates past and current Nevada County Public Health Orders
and requirements, in addition to updated guidance from the Centers for Disease Control
(CDC), California Department of Public Health (CDPH), California Department of
Education (CDE), California School Nurse Organization (CSNO), and the Nevada County
Public Health Department (NCPHD). It has been modified to meet specific guidance and
requirements for schools and school offices, and is intended to ensure schools and
school/district offices have well developed and thorough plans in place and remain in
compliance.

See Site Protection Plan School year 2020-21 and Covid Prevention Program 2021

**PUBLIC SAFETY POWER SHUT OFF**

In the event of a planned Public Safety Power Shut Off (PSPS), school sites will be notified
in advance to make decisions to open or close schools. School openings will be dependent
on the ability to provide power and water on school sites.
References

California Department of Education:

Nevada County Superintendent of Schools Board Policies
Local Hazard Mitigation Plan (LHMP) of Nevada County. (2017).
Retrieved from: http://www.mynevadacounty.com

Nevada County Public Health Department
Retrieved from: Public Health | Nevada County, CA (mynevadacounty.com)

Sample School Emergency Plans. EL/361and G364: Multihazard Emergency Planning for
Intentionally left blank
MEMORANDUM

To: Nevada County Superintendent of Schools Board of Trustees
From: Darlene Waddle, Chief Business Official
Date: February 3, 2021
Subject: 2020/2021 Consolidated Application, Winter Report

Hello,

Presented for your review is the 2020/2021 Consolidated Application Report. This report contains various information and data for the following Federal Grant programs:

- Title I, Part A, Basic, Low-Income and Neglected Students Grant
- Title I, Part D, Local Delinquent Students Grant
- Title II, Part A, Support of Effective Instruction Grant
- Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant

This report reflects activity in each of the programs, shows budget plans at the county and school level and other miscellaneous information required from the Federal government.

This Part Two of the report is informational only. Part One of this report is the actual application and was board approved August 12, 2020.

Please let me know if you have any questions or would like additional detail on anything.

Thank you!
2018-19 Title I, Part D Subpart 2 Expenditure, Closeout Report

Report of expenditures and obligations for use of funds and to determine unspent funds through September 30.

CDE Program Contact:
Sherry Davis, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, SDavis@cde.ca.gov, 916-445-4904

| 2018-19 Title I, Part D Subpart 2 LEA allocation | $50,341 |
| 2018-19 Title I, Part D Subpart 2 total apportionment issued | $50,341 |
| Transferred-in amount | $0 |
| 2018-19 Total LEA allocation | $50,341 |

Object Code - Activity

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<td>2000-2999</td>
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<td>Administrative and indirect costs</td>
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<td>2018-19 Unspent funds</td>
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Note: CDE will invoice the LEA for the unspent 2018-19 total LEA allocation.

***Warning***

The data in this report may be protected by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and other applicable data privacy laws. Unauthorized access or sharing of this data may constitute a violation of both state and federal law.
2019-20 Title I, Part A LEA Carryover

Report only expenditures and obligations for fiscal year (FY) 2019-20 allocation to determine funds to be carried over.

**CDE Program Contact:**
Rina DeRose, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, RDerose@cde.ca.gov, 916-323-0472

### Carryover Calculation

<table>
<thead>
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<td>2019-20 Title I, Part A LEA available allocation</td>
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<td>Expenditures and obligations through September 30, 2020</td>
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<td>Carryover as of September 30, 2020</td>
<td>$6,213</td>
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<td>Carryover percent as of September 30, 2020</td>
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***Warning***
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# 2020-21 Federal Transferability

Federal transferability of funds is governed by Title V in ESSA Section 5102. An LEA may transfer Title II, Part A and/or Title IV, Part A program funds to other allowable programs. This transferability is not the same as Title V, Part B Alternative Uses of Funds Authority governed by ESEA Section 5211.

**Note:** Funds utilized under Title V, Part B Alternative Uses of Funds Authority are not to be included on this form.

## CDE Program Contact:
Lisa Fassett, Standards Implementation Support Office, LFassett@cde.ca.gov, 916-323-4963
Kevin Donnelly, Rural Education and Student Support Office, KDonnelly@cde.ca.gov, 916-319-0942

## Title II, Part A Transfers

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<th>2020-21 Title II, Part A allocation</th>
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<tr>
<td>Transferred to Title I, Part D</td>
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<td>Transferred to Title III English Learner</td>
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<td>Transferred to Title III Immigrant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transferred to Title IV, Part A</td>
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<td>Transferred to Title V, Part B, Subpart 2 Rural and Low-Income Grant</td>
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## Title IV, Part A Transfers

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<td><strong>2020-21 Title IV, Part A allocation after transfers out</strong></td>
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***Warning***

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### 2020–21 Title I, Part A LEA Allocation and Reservations

To report LEA required and authorized reservations before distributing funds to schools.

#### CDE Program Contact:
- Sylvia Hanna, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, SHanna@cde.ca.gov, 916-319-0948
- Rina DeRose, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, RDeroze@cde.ca.gov, 916-323-0472

#### Required Reservations

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<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>Transferred-in amount (+)</td>
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<td>Nonprofit private school equitable services proportional share amount (-)</td>
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<td>2020–21 Title I, Part A LEA available allocation</td>
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#### Authorized Reservations

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<td>Administrative reservation</td>
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#### Reservation Summary

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<td>Total LEA required and authorized reservations</td>
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<td>School parent and family engagement reservation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amount available for Title I, Part A school allocations</td>
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***Warning***

The data in this report may be protected by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and other applicable data privacy laws. Unauthorized access or sharing of this data may constitute a violation of both state and federal law.
2020-21 Title I, Part D Subpart 2 LEA Allocations and Reservations

The purpose of this data collection is to calculate the total allocation amount available to the local educational agency (LEA) for Title I, Part D Subpart 2, Neglected, Delinquent, and At-Risk Youth, and to report required reservations.

**CDE Program Contact:**
Sherry Davis, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, SDavis@cde.ca.gov, 916-445-4904

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>2020-21 Title I, Part D Subpart 2 allocation</td>
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<td>2020-21 Available allocation</td>
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<tr>
<td>2020-21 Approved indirect cost rate</td>
<td>10.62%</td>
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<td>Indirect cost reservation</td>
<td>$4,805</td>
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<tr>
<td>Administrative reservation</td>
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<tr>
<td>2020-21 Title I, Part D Subpart 2 adjusted allocation</td>
<td>$60,056</td>
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2020-21 Title II, Part A LEA Allocations

The purpose of this data collection is to calculate the total allocation amount available to the local educational agency (LEA) for Title II, Part A Supporting Effective Instruction.

CDE Program Contact:
Arianna Bobadilla (Fiscal), Division Support Office, ABobadilla@cde.ca.gov, 916-319-0208
Lisa Fassett (Program), Standards Implementation Support Office, LFassett@cde.ca.gov, 916-323-4963

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Transferred-in amount</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total funds transferred out of Title II, Part A</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Allocation after transfers</td>
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<tr>
<td>Repayment of funds</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<td>2020-21 Total allocation</td>
<td>$37,766</td>
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<tr>
<td>Administrative and indirect costs</td>
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<td>Equitable services for nonprofit private schools</td>
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</tr>
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<td>2020-21 Title II, Part A adjusted allocation</td>
<td>$34,969</td>
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2020-21 Title IV, Part A LEA Allocations

The purpose of this data collection is to calculate the total allocation amount available to the local educational agency (LEA) for Title IV, Part A and to report reservations.

CDE Program Contact:
Kevin Donnelly, Rural Education and Student Support Office, KDonnelly@cde.ca.gov, 916-319-0942

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Transferred-in amount</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total funds transferred out of Title IV, Part A</td>
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<td>2020-21 Title IV, Part A LEA available allocation</td>
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<td>Indirect cost reservation</td>
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<td>Administrative reservation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Equitable services for nonprofit private schools</td>
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<tr>
<td>2020-21 Title IV, Part A LEA adjusted allocation</td>
<td>$25,350</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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### 2020-21 Consolidation of Administrative Funds

A request by the local educational agency (LEA) to consolidate administrative funds for specific programs.

**CDE Program Contact:**
Jonathan Feagle, Fiscal Oversight and Support Office, JFeagle@cde.ca.gov, 916-323-8515

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Consolidated</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title I, Part A Basic</td>
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<tr>
<td>SACS Code 3010</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title I, Part C Migrant Education</td>
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<tr>
<td>SACS Code 3060</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title I, Part D Delinquent</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SACS Code 3025</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title II, Part A Supporting Effective Instruction</td>
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<tr>
<td>SACS Code 4035</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title III English Learner Students - 2% maximum</td>
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<tr>
<td>SACS Code 4203</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title III Immigrant Students</td>
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<tr>
<td>SACS Code 4201</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title IV, Part A Student Support - 2% maximum</td>
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<tr>
<td>SACS Code 4127</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Title IV, Part B 21st Century Community Learning Centers</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>SACS Code 4124</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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2020–21 Title I, Part A School Student Counts

His data collection contains school-level student data. The information in this data collection will be used by the local educational agency (LEA) to calculate eligibility and ranking for Title I, Part A school allocations.

DE Program Contact:

Jana DeRose, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, RDero@cde.ca.gov, 916-323-0472

- select the highest to lowest school ranking method
- select a low income measure

Exploration of Pre-populated Student Counts

The data fields in this form, containing total student enrollment counts and eligible income students ages 5-17 counts, were pre-populated with PRIOR year (Fiscal year 2019–2020) certified data from CALPADS Fall 1 data submission.

Note: The LEA may use prior year data or current year data to calculate eligibility and ranking for Title I, Part A school allocations. The LEA may choose to manually enter current year data in place of prior year data.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School Name</th>
<th>School Code</th>
<th>Low Grade Offered</th>
<th>High Grade Offered</th>
<th>Grade Span Group</th>
<th>Student Enrollment</th>
<th>Eligible Low Income Students Ages 5-17</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Itney Prep High</td>
<td>0114314</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Folsom Jamieson Educational Options</td>
<td>0116681</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Crest Charter</td>
<td>0126219</td>
<td>K</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>767</td>
<td>304</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nevada County Special Education</td>
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<td>P</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah Trail Mountain, Juvenile Hall Program</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Winn Ridges Home Study Charter</td>
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<td>K</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>40</td>
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<tr>
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<td>K</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>316</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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2020–21 Title I, Part A School Allocations

his report identifies the amount of Title I, Part A funds to be allocated to eligible schools.

DE Program Contact:
- ana Zhou, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, Zhou@cde.ca.gov, 916-319-0956
- Dea DeRose, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, DDerose@cde.ca.gov, 916-323-0472
- applicable, enter a Discretion Code. Use lower case only.

allowable Discretion Codes
- Below LEA average and at or above 35% student low income
- Waiver for a desegregation plan on file
- Grandfather provision
- Feeder pattern

ow income measure

anking Schools Highest to Lowest

EA-wide low income %

available Title I, Part A school allocations

available parent and family engagement reservation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School Name</th>
<th>School Code</th>
<th>Grade Span Group</th>
<th>Student Enrollment</th>
<th>Eligible Low Income Students Ages 5-17</th>
<th>Low Income Student %</th>
<th>Eligible to be Served</th>
<th>Required to be Served</th>
<th>Ranking</th>
<th>$ Per Low Income Student</th>
<th>TIA School Allocation</th>
<th>2019–20 Carryover</th>
<th>Parent and Family Engagement</th>
<th>Total School Allocation</th>
<th>Discretion Code</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>ale Jamieson ducational Options</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>uba River Charter</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>316</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>43.35</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>0.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>orest Charter</td>
<td>0126219</td>
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<td>767</td>
<td>304</td>
<td>39.63</td>
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<td>N</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>0.00</td>
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<td>0.00</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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annote Date: 2/3/2021
# 2020–21 Title I, Part A School Allocations

This report identifies the amount of Title I, Part A funds to be allocated to eligible schools.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School Name</th>
<th>School Code</th>
<th>Grade Span Group</th>
<th>Student Enrollment</th>
<th>Eligible Low Income Students Ages 5-17</th>
<th>Low Income %</th>
<th>Eligible to be Served</th>
<th>Required to be Served</th>
<th>Ranking</th>
<th>$ Per Low Income Student</th>
<th>TIA School Allocation</th>
<th>2019–20 Carryover</th>
<th>Parent and Family Engagement</th>
<th>Total School Allocation</th>
<th>Discretion Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Win Ridges Home Study Center</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>23.95</td>
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<td>0.00</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$0</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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2020–21 Title I, Part A Notification of Authorization of Schoolwide Program

his report provides notification to the California Department of Education of a school's eligibility and local board approval to operate under and report as schoolwide Program.

DE Program Contact:

Ana Zhou, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, LZhou@cde.ca.gov, 916-319-0956
Rina DeRose, Title I Policy, Program, and Support Office, RDerose@cde.ca.gov, 916-323-0472

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School Name</th>
<th>School Code</th>
<th>Authorized SWP</th>
<th>Low Income %</th>
<th>Local Board Approval Date SWP Plan (MM/DD/YYYY)</th>
<th>Local Board Approval Date SWP Waiver (MM/DD/YYYY)</th>
<th>SIG Approval Date (MM/DD/YYYY)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Itney Prep High</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arle Jamieson Educational Options</td>
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<td>100%</td>
<td>06/20/2012</td>
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<tr>
<td>oreve Charter</td>
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